MARIA PERMIT

- Z500 Comanche[®]
- *Z500*
- Z100
- Reata®
- Fisherman
- Angler
- Saltwater
- Intracoastal
- Ranger Trail[®] Trailers

Keep this manual with the boat at all times. All operators must read and fully understand the operational instructions before the boat is used.





A MESSAGE FROM RANGER FOUNDER, FORREST WOOD

Hello and Congratulations! We're honored that you've selected Ranger[®] as your boat of choice. Your confidence and satisfaction are our greatest rewards. As such, we're always striving to hand craft products with the highest levels of quality, performance, innovation, and peace of mind. It's all part of our personal commitment to exceeding expectations while also listening closely to your experiences and input.

From family outings and special getaways to America's toughest tournament challenges, we appreciate the opportunity to be a part of your dreams and the memories you share with others. Should you need more details on additional offerings or information on special programs like Ranger[®] Cup, please drop us a line or visit our website at rangerboats.com. We'd enjoy hearing from you.

This manual is intended to help you better understand your boat while also helping make basic care and maintenance even easier. Additionally, it provides important information essential for safe and pleasant boat operation. Please take the time to study this manual along with your engine and equipment manuals before operating your boat. Should you have questions, visit with your Ranger dealer or contact us at... Ranger Boats • P.O. Box 179 • Flippin, AR 72634 • 870-453-2222 • rangerboats.com

We encourage you to make safety and courteous boating practices an integral part of your outdoor activities. "Boat Smart From The Start." Take a boating education course and get a vessel safety check for your boat. For more information on these important services, contact the United States Coast Guard Auxiliary at, www.cgaus.org, or the United States Power Squadrons at 888-FOR-USPS, www.usps.org. Remember that common sense and sound judgment are two of the most important elements to carry with you on every outing.

If we can be of additional help, feel free to give us a call, visit us on the internet, contact your local dealer, or just drop us a line through the mail. Thank you, again, for being a part of the legendary "Ranger Family"!

Sincerely,

Ferrest J. Wood

GETTING TO KNOW AND HANDLE YOUR RANGER BOAT ...

Your Ranger dealer should see that you have selected the proper horsepower engine for the rating range of the boat model you have chosen. The proper engine mounting height has been selected for optimum performance and the correct propeller has been chosen.

Since most boats spend more time on the trailer than in the water, a RangerTrail® trailer can extend the useful life of your new boat. The load MUST be evenly distributed on the properly fitting "bunks" or "pads" of the trailer. The boat should not rest on the loading rollers, but should properly cradle on the bunks.

Always park your rig so that the trailer tongue is higher than the stern of the boat, so that any water can drain from the hull when the drain plug is removed. All livewell valves should be placed in the "empty" position to properly drain your livewell plumbing.

A properly fitted boat cover will protect your investment from the damaging effects of the ultraviolet rays of sunlight, as well as from road film, rain and dirt abrasion while trailering. The cover also protects your accessory equipment and fishing tackle from "prying eyes" and helps to guard against pilferage.

Familiarize yourself with the instruments and indicators used with all installed equipment. Factory equipment manuals are included to assist you to properly operate your trolling motor; depth finders; engine tachometer; speedometer; and any additional accessories that you have installed. Naturally this Ranger manual is only complete when you have completely studied your engine operating manual and are familiar with engine operation.

Now you are ready for a ride in your new boat! This will be an exciting, fun experience if you exercise the proper caution and observe all safety rules and regulations.

Before launching your boat... stop on the ramp short of the water. Stop your vehicle's engine and set the parking brake. At the rear of the boat, install your transom drain plug and remove the trailering tie-downs, trailering arms, motor supports and/or support brackets. Slowly back the boat and trailer into the water and unhook the winch strap hook. When in the driver's seat, put on and secure your life vest and attach the engine emergency stop switch lanyard to your person. Start engine and back your boat off the trailer. You should experience no problem if the water is adequately deep for proper launching.

A NOTICE Failure to store/park your rig with the bow elevated could allow rain water to accumulate in the storage boxes.

While you are easing along within the "No Wake" zone you should trim your engine all the way down to its lowest position (in). Turn the steering right and left to insure that there is no undue slack and inspect the steering system. Look for any loose connections at the engine and beneath the driver's console (see pp. 31-35). Inspection of this crucial linkage system can be visually made at home or at the lake, but should be done at regular intervals. Before applying power and "opening it up", insure that all passengers are properly seated and are wearing an approved Personal Flotation Device (PFD or Life vest). Check to see that there are no obstructions in your path. We recommend that the front pedestal seat be removed from the front deck base and positioned in the special base provided in the front floor of the boat. If your boat has non-adjustable pedestals, remove the extension pipe from the seat base and install the seat base directly into the front deck receptacle. If your boat has an optional deck extension and power pedestals, remove the lid in the deck extension and secure the pedestal in the receptacle provided in the floor. If the optional deck extension does not have a removable lid, store your seat securely in the floor of the boat. This will provide for an unobstructed view while driving. The power pedestal should be pushed down into the lowest position. Should there be no base provided in the floor, the seat should be removed and securely placed in the floor of the boat.

When you have cleared the "No Wake" zone it is time to accelerate and get your new boat "on plane". Before applying power, insure that all passengers are properly and securely seated in appropriate locations. Abruptly move the throttle lever into the full open position (full forward). The bow of the boat will rise into the air for a moment... this is normal operation when a boat is "coming out of the hole" and is no cause for alarm. The bow will quickly come back down into a level running position. When the boat begins to accelerate rapidly, the throttle should be pulled back to obtain a comfortable running speed. Always increase your speed a little at a time until you are running at a speed at which you feel safe and are in complete control...NEVER FASTER THAN YOUR EXPERIENCE

DICTATES! At this moderate speed you should begin to trim your engine into a higher position (out). Please refer to your engine owner's manual for more information on power trim use and operations.

Your speed will increase and the bow will lift. The boat will begin to run with the back rear portion of the hull in contact with the water and steering will become easier. Over-trimming will result in excessively high RPM (note your tachometer) and the steering can develop "torque" or a "pull" toward the right. Trim back down slightly for best operation. A different trim setting (see your trim indicator) will be required for different throttle settings. You will soon develop an instinctive feel for these settings. Your ear will become attuned to the sound of the proper engine RPM. Again, over trimming is to be avoided as excessive RPM can cause engine damage and can also cause your prop

WARNING Improper use of power trim may lead to excessive bow steer or steering torque (pull) and could lead to accidental injury or death.

to "blow out" (lose its grip on the water because it is too near the surface). If the bow of your boat should begin to bob up and down (called porpoising) you will probably have over trimmed. Bump the trim button down a little until the motion stops.

If your boat should continue to "porpoise", a slight increase in throttle and speed will generally correct the condition. Proper distribution of the load in your boat will make a great difference in its operation. Moving tackle boxes or ice chests rearward or toward the front can greatly effect boat performance and handling.

When beginning a turn with the engine trimmed in the higher positions, the trim switch should be pressed to LOWER the engine further into the water just prior to and during the turning of the steering wheel. Practice and experience will determine just how far down you will need to trim for safely handling a turn at various speeds and water conditions. Just remember to MAKE SAFETY YOUR GUIDE when attempting any new or unfamiliar maneuver. PROCEED ONLY AT SPEEDS AT WHICH YOU FEEL SAFE AND IN CONTROL!

Naturally, it is impossible to describe here all the different situations that you may encounter. Just remember that COMMON SENSE is your best safety precaution. Your new boat is built to safely carry you in NORMAL OPERATION, but it is up to you to stay alert and to avoid dangerous situations. Safe boating is in the hands of the operator.

Even the pleasant experience of the "first ride in your new boat" must sometime come to an end. Hopefully you have purchased a "drive on" trailer with your boat. The key to simple and effortless loading of your boat is having the trailer in the proper position. This "right" position is determined by the steepness of the ramp. Here, you will have to experiment with the proper depth to have your trailer in. The most common mistake is having the trailer too deep, so a little time spent experimenting with different depth positions can ultimately save you much time and embarrassment. To load at slow speed, position your boat to head directly between the guide bunks or guide rollers and use the thrust of your outboard engine to drive the boat forward until the bow contacts the roller on the bow stand block. Shut down your outboard and fasten the winch strap hook to the bow eye. Tighten the winch strap and lock winch before pulling the boat from the water. Your engine should be trimmed up into a higher position before the trailer is pulled up the ramp to prevent damage to the lower unit or propeller. Pull the rig up the ramp and park well out of the way of other boaters. Stop your vehicle engine and set parking brake. Remove the drain plug, open and drain the livewell systems, and stow all loose equipment. We recommend that you install a transom saver, or engine support brace, between the trailer frame and the lower unit of your engine to prevent damage to your transom while the boat is in transit.

For the most possible boating and fishing enjoyment familiarize yourself completely with your boat and with the instruction manuals for all additional equipment. If you are a novice, there are publications on good seamanship recommended to make your boating safe and enjoyable. We also recommend that you enroll and attend any of the excellent safe boating courses offered and conducted by your area Power Squadron or the U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary.



The operator (driver) is responsible for the correct and safe operation of the boat, the equipment aboard and the safety of all occupants aboard. We strongly recommend that the operator read this manual

and thoroughly understand the operational instructions for the engine and all related accessories before the boat is used.

BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SAFER BOATING

- ALCOHOL and DRUGS The debilitating effects of alcohol and other drugs reduces reaction time and detracts from judgment. The combined effect of the outdoor environment... sun, heat, rough water, and noise can be more fatiguing than one would imagine and, combined with drugs or alcohol, can be very dangerous.
- **GAME PLAN** Tell a friend, neighbor, or another family member where you will be boating and when you plan to return. Be certain that this individual has a good description of your boat and any other identifying information that could be needed to help find you should an emergency arise.
- **VISIBILITY** Be sure the operator's visibility is not obstructed. On models with bases, adjust the seat for best visibility. (Some saltwater bay models may have limited visibility in the seated position).
- **TOOLS and SPARE PARTS** Many people have been stranded by minor breakdowns that they could have repaired themselves. It is a good idea to carry a few tools and common spare parts and to be familiar with simple repairs that can be easily accomplished.
- **GASOLINE RESERVES** Never push your boating range to the limit of your gas tank capacity... one-third of the fuel to go, one-third to come back and one-third to reserve.
- GOOD BOAT KEEPING A clean boat is a safer boat. Take care to see that rods, lures, nets, gaffs and other
 potentially harmful gear are properly stowed so that it cannot blow or move around while the boat is underway.
 Perform all maintenance and safety checks regularly. Secure all icebox or cooler lids and place any trash or
 debris safely under cover until the trip is over.
- **BOARDING LADDER** Many models are equipped with a boarding ladder. Rotating propeller may cause serious injury or death. Do not approach or use the ladder when engine is running. Shut off the engine when near persons in the water. Make sure to stow the ladder after it is used and before starting the engine. Never use a damaged ladder.
- SPEED and SKILL The fast and powerful boat can require the operator to exercise a high level of skill and attention to driving. Only go as fast as your skill and good judgment dictates is safe. You are in charge of the wellbeing of your passengers and yourself. Be alert for any hazards in the water and operate your boat in such a manner as would be appropriate for the water conditions. Be a good boating "neighbor" and do not create a hazard or annoyance to others. The best safety equipment is your own good judgment.
- SKIERS and SWIMMERS Do not allow operation of the engine when anyone is in the water near the stern of the boat. Never back up to a down skier or anyone in the water. Never drive your boat directly behind a skier.

CARBON MONOXIDE

Carbon monoxide is a deadly gas that is odorless, tasteless and colorless. It is present in the exhaust of internal combustion engines. Inhaling sufficient concentrations of carbon monoxide can be fatal within minutes. Early signs of carbon monoxide poisoning may include headache, nausea, fatigue, drowsiness, confusion and vomiting. **DO NOT MISTAKE THESE SYMPTOMS FOR SEASICKNESS.** If any of these symptoms occur to you or any of your passengers, ventilate the boat by opening the side curtains or forward hatch to remove the fumes and immediately seek medical attention.

Carbon monoxide can be drawn into the cockpit area over the stern of the boat. When operating the engine, ventilate the cockpit area by removing side curtains or opening forward hatches to allow fresh air to flow though. Do not operate the engine if your boat is moored in a confined area.



Exhaust from a running engine can cause an accumulation of carbon monoxide gas in the cockpit area when the canvas top and side curtains are installed. Provide adequate ventilation when these

coverings are installed in their closed positions.

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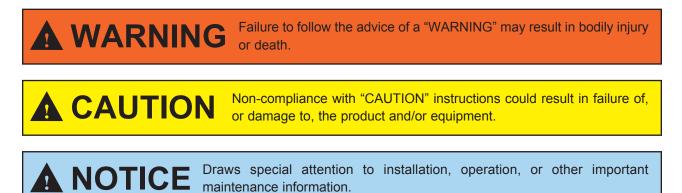
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SPECIAL INFORMATION

The following special information is intended to alert you to possible dangers and to information important to the safe operation of your boat and other equipment. Observe them carefully. However, simply being aware of the "WARNING", "CAUTION" AND "NOTICE" notations in this manual will not eliminate the dangers that they signal if you do not implement the information. These warnings, plus common sense operation will insure you a safe and fun boating or fishing outing.

Please take special note when you see one of the following signs:



ALL information or instructions in this manual could be necessary for proper operation and/or maintenance. If you do not understand any portion of this manual, please contact your Ranger dealer or our Customer Service Department for any additional information.

IMPORTANT: Your Ranger Dealer's Responsibilities...

Generally, it is the dealer's responsibility to the customer to make sure that the boat has been equipped as ordered with a properly installed and functioning engine that is within the horsepower rating specified for that model boat. The dealer should see that the engine is outfitted with the proper propeller for that boat model and for the load that the boat is normally expected to carry.

The dealer should help to familiarize the customer with the onboard equipment and explain operation of this equipment; the engine operation; and the proper functioning and operation of the boat itself.

Prior to delivery, the dealer should make certain that the product and equipment is completely operational; the proper propeller is installed; and that all oil, fuel system and lubrication systems are understood. The dealer should explain the operation of all instrumentation equipment, and the boat electrical and livewell systems.

The dealer should check for correct carburetor adjustment, throttle and steering functioning, and instrumentation accuracy. Engine cooling water should be properly circulating.

The dealer should test for maximum engine RPM as specified in the engine manufacturer's specification sheet(s) and/or engine owner's manual for proper operation of all equipment and for proper adjustment of steering effort and direction. All necessary adjustments for maximum efficiency should be made.

Owner/Operator's Responsibilities...

It is the owner/operator's responsibility to perform all safety checks and to ensure that all lubrication and maintenance instructions are complied with for maximum safety and proper operation.

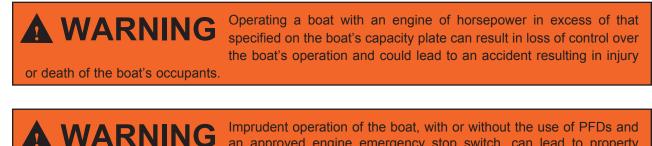
It is also the owner/operator's responsibility to return the unit to the Ranger dealer for a periodic checkup.

The owner/operator is responsible for the correct operation of the boat and for the safety of its occupants. Be sure that all operators read this manual before attempting to operate the boat. Your passengers should be shown the location and use of all emergency equipment and one passenger should be instructed how to handle the boat in case of emergency. U.S. Coast Guard requirements for PFDs (Personal Flotation Devices, or Life vests) can vary, depending on the type of boat. Be sure to comply with the U.S. Coast Guard regulations that apply to your boat. The owner/operator should, however, make certain that all passengers in the boat are in possession of, and are securely wearing a PFD whenever the boat is in operation. We strongly recommend that an engine emergency stop switch be securely connected to the boat operator any time that the engine is in operation!

Learn the waterway rules of the locality in which you intend to operate your boat. Navigable waterways are controlled by Federal regulations while inland lakes and Canadian waters are controlled by local jurisdictions. Obey all regulations to protect yourself, your passengers, and fellow boating enthusiasts.

Before boating, obtain the weather forecast for your area. Familiarize yourself with the weather bureau warning system signal(s) and waterway traffic sign/marking information.

Contact your local U.S. Coast Guard Auxiliary and take advantage of their excellent boating and safety classes and seasonal boat inspections.



Imprudent operation of the boat, with or without the use of PFDs and an approved engine emergency stop switch, can lead to property damage, injury or death of the boat operator or passenger(s), or t or outside the boat.

other(s), whether within the boat or outside the boat.

WARNING

The boat operator should insure that the lanyard connection to the emergency stop switch is of ample length to insure that the inadvertent activation of the switch is not likely. Accidental triggering of the

emergency stop switch could result in loss of engine power at inopportune times, such as while docking or in heavy seas, strong currents or high winds and could lead to an accident resulting in injury or death.

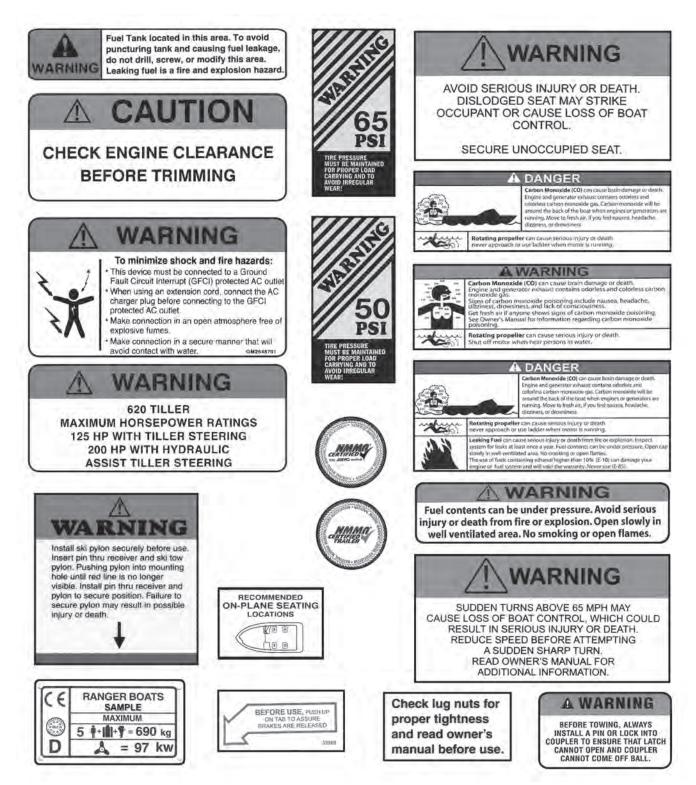
WARNING

Do not exceed the maximum weight and persons capacity found on the U.S. Coast Guard capacity information plate located on your boat. Overloading severely affects the stability and handling of your boat

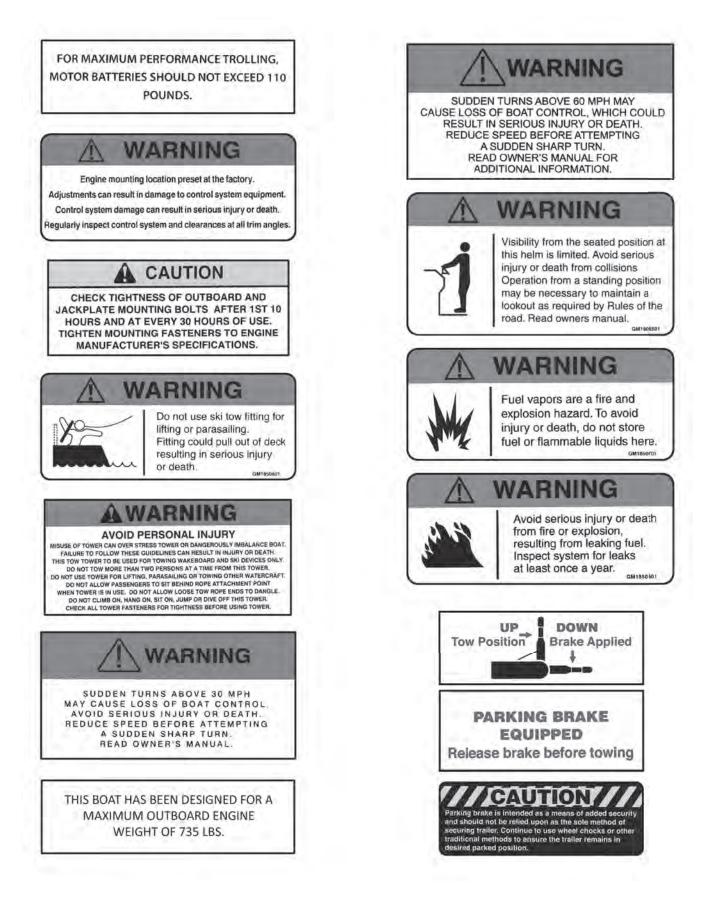
and could lead to an accident causing injury or death.

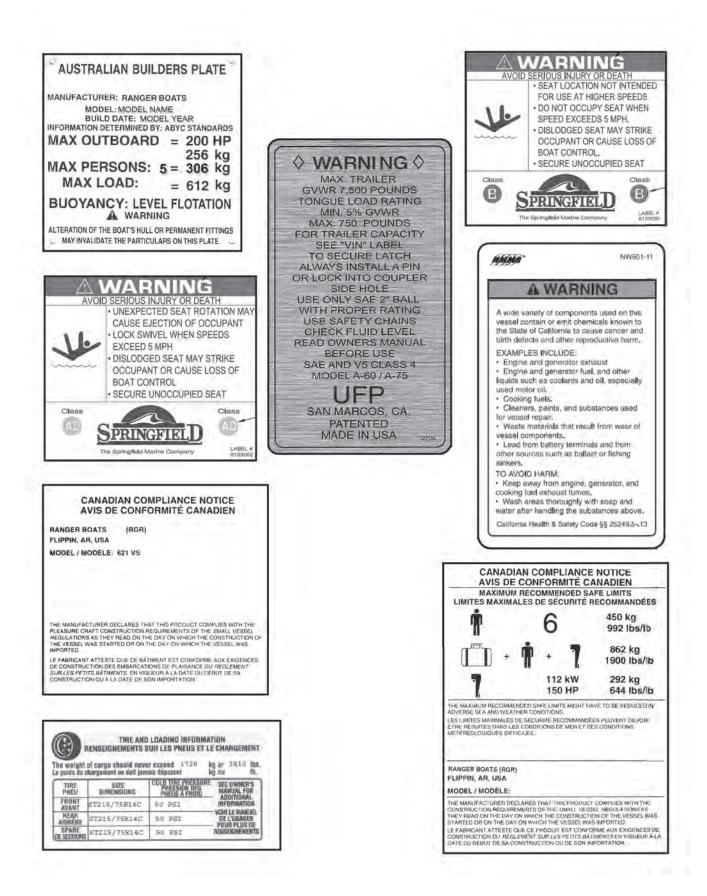
HAZARD LABELING

The following images are a partial list of warning/information decals that may be found in various locations on your boat and trailer. (Photos are not to scale) Some labels are not appropriate for every boat/trailer model, so your rig may not have them all. Check with your Ranger dealer to find out what labels your boat and trailer should have and ask them to order any necessary replacements.



Hazard Labeling







HULL IDENTIFICATION PLATE

• RGR12	23457	16	/ 人 上(0
	Year Mfg. —	1	1	Year Mo	odel

The hull I.D. Plate is located on the outboard side of the starboard transom, above the water line, and contains the following information:

 Hull Identification Number (Serial Number) - Should also be included in any inquiries or when ordering parts. The U.S.C.G. requires the H.I.N. number be permanently affixed and remain on the starboard transom of the boat. Do not alter this plate in any way.

DESIGNATED OCCUPANT POSITIONS

The following pages show the designated occupant positions for each model with X for the recommended on-plane seating and X for additional occupant locations (up to planing speed only).

A decal similar to the one in figure 1 (below) can be found on your boat in the area of the capacity label (figure 2). The areas marked by X's are the areas of the boat considered safe and suitable for on-plane seating.

The operator of the boat should familiarize themselves with the seating locations that fit into this category. Be sure to read any warnings that may be affixed to the seat, base, or pedestal and follow those instructions.

Type A: A seat designed for occupancy while the vessel is underway at any speed.

Type B: A seat designed for occupancy only at boat speeds not exceeding five miles per hour.

Do not sit in type B seats when boat speed exceeds five MPH.

Do not exceed the loading limits of the capacity plate on your boat (Example figure 2).

FIGURE 1

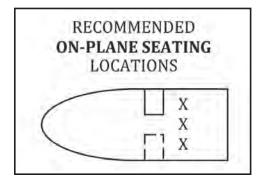
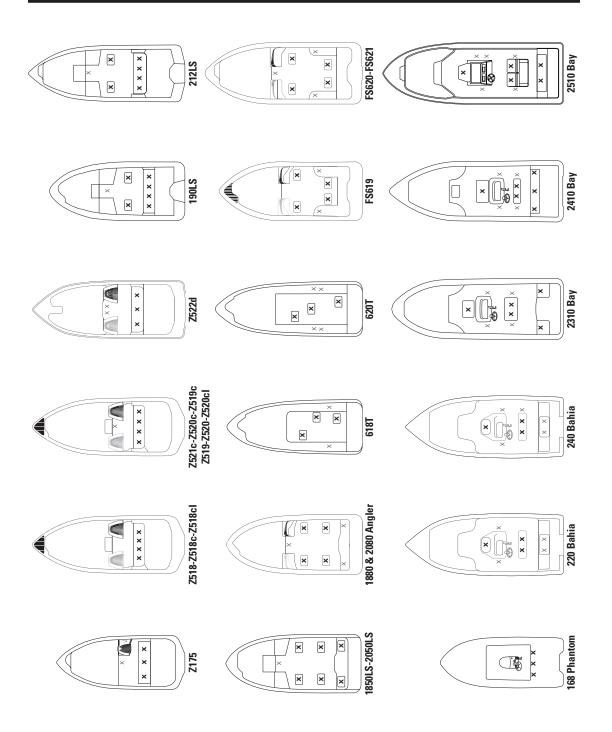


FIGURE 2



A WARNING Do not operate the boat on plane with persons located outside the on-plane locations shown on decal. Failure to do so could cause a person(s) to be thrown overboard resulting in injury or death.

DESIGNATED OCCUPANT POSITIONS

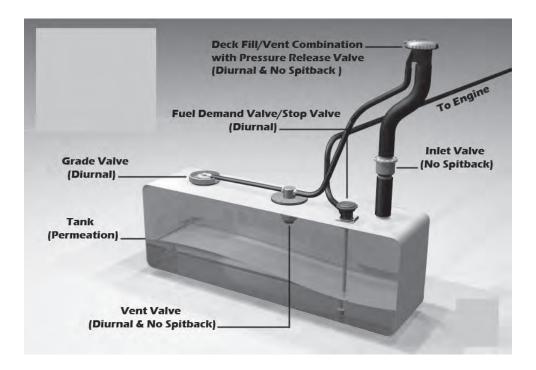


× RECOMMENDED ON-PLANE SEATING

× ADDITIONAL OCCUPANT SEATING/STANDING LOCATIONS (UP TO PLANING SPEED ONLY)

DO NOT OCCUPY CASTING DECK(S) WHILE BOAT IS UNDERWAY.

GASOLINE FUEL SYSTEMS



Gasoline fuel systems used in Ranger boats are designed to meet or exceed the requirements of the U.S. Coast Guard, the National Marine Manufacturers Association, the EPA, and the American Boat and Yacht Council at the time of manufacture.

All gasoline fuel systems have been factory inspected and pressure tested in accordance with regulations in effect at time of manufacture. Additionally, each fuel tank must pass rigid tests and inspections performed by the fuel tank manufacturer.

A. FUEL FILLS

Fuel fill deck plates are located on the port side deck, and are marked with the fuel pump symbol.



Most models are designed with the pressure relief system shown above. Under certain conditions the system will be under pressure.

Always open the cap slowly to allow pressure to escape. The vented deck fill is designed to maintain system pressure below 1 psi.

While filling the tank, the air displaced by the fuel escapes through the fill/vent. See Figure 1 on the next page.

Periodically inspect the deck fill plate for damage. Be sure to use the exact fuel fill/vent used on your boat if replacement is required. Excessive pressure or vacuum in the fuel tank may damage the fuel system, if cap is substituted. (Fuel fill deck plate is not waterproof; water can be drawn into fuel tank during vent operation, if fill is submerged.)

After fueling, replace the fill cap, and wash the areas around the fuel fill plate, if any fuel is spilled. Residual fuel

left on the deck and hull sides can be dangerous, and will yellow the fiberglass.

FIGURE 1: FUEL FILL



B. FUEL GAUGE

The fuel gauge indicates the amount of fuel in the tank. The fuel level is displayed on the console mounted gauge when the ignition switch is "on". On models with two tanks, a console mounted switch marked with a fuel pump symbol or just "fuel", is used to switch the gauge from one tank to the other. Push the fuel pump symbol switch to display the level in tank 1 (starboard) or tank 2 (port). Or, on some models, push the switch to the left to display the port tank fuel level and push to the right to display the starboard tank fuel level. The center position is "off".

C. FUEL SENDER(S)

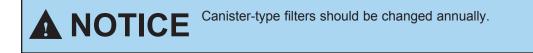
Due to the mechanical nature of the fuel sender, variations in readings during various speeds of operation may occur. This system is merely a relative indication of the available fuel supply and not a calibrated instrument. With this type of sending unit a more accurate measurement of fuel level is obtained with the boat in a level position.

D. FUEL VALVE(S)

A fuel hose connects the fuel tank to the engine. On models with more than one tank, a switch valve is installed to switch from tank to tank. This valve, located at the driver seat, on the panel to the right of the driver, is clearly marked and easily operated.

E. FUEL FILTER

Fuel filters are installed on each engine. (Yamaha has an additional fuel filter/water separator in the stern of the boat.) Filters should be changed frequently to assure an adequate supply of fuel to the engine. Refer to the engine manual for additional information. The engine manual is included in the owner's information packet. Fuel filters mounted in the vicinity of batteries, have a dielectric shield to protect against accidental short-circuiting. When servicing, remove any batteries in vicinity of filter, if shield is removed.



F. FUEL STANDARDS

Be cautious when using gasoline that contains alcohol. Refer to the section on gasoline requirements in your engine manual for additional information. The use of alcohol additives in gasoline has become more widespread. Regulations on public notification of the existence of additives are currently controlled by the Environmental

Protection Agency (EPA). Some states do require that gasoline pumps display information on additives (especially alcohol). If alcohol content is not posted, ask and avoid using fuel containing alcohol if possible.

Although alcohol boosts the octane level in gasoline, it also attacks the rubber fuel distribution lines and even metal fuel system components. Alcohol will permeate most fuel hoses and other components such as fuel pump, gaskets and seals, and can also contribute to fuel system contamination.

The hoses we use in our boats are alcohol-resistant as are the materials used by the engine manufacturers. If only fuel containing alcohol is available, you must perform more frequent inspections for leaks and abnormalities. Any sign of leakage or deterioration requires your immediate attention. Refer to the engine manufacturer's recommendations on fuel type and octane ratings.

G. SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE TIPS

The fuel system in your Ranger requires little or no maintenance. However, the periodic inspection outlined below is strongly recommended. Contact your Ranger dealer for proper fuel tank access for your model.

- 1. Check your fuel tank(s) for leakage, especially around the sending unit and fuel hose connections.
- 2. Inspect fuel hoses. A deteriorated hose containing alcohol blended fuels will normally be soft and swollen. A deteriorated hose containing no fuel will be hard and brittle. In both cases the hose(s) should be replaced.
- 3. Inspect the fuel system fittings at the deck fuel fill, fuel tank vent, tank(s), and (if equipped with more than one tank), the fuel switch valve for signs of leaks or corrosion. Visually inspect for deteriorating metal fittings at the fuel hose connections.
- 4. Check fuel tank hold down brackets, making sure they are secure.

Avoid serious injury or death from fire or explosion, resulting from leaking fuel. Inspect system for leaks at least once a year.

Storage compartments are not designed to store flammable materials, as ventilation may not have been provided.

WARNING Fuel vapors are a fire and explosion hazard. To avoid injury or death, do not store fuel or flammable liquids in boat. Ventilation has not been provided.

If areas are found within the fuel system that appear questionable, have your Ranger dealer inspect the system. A thorough fuel system examination should be made by an experienced marine technician at least once a year.

A CAUTION Maintenance or repairs should be performed by your Ranger dealer or other qualified personnel.

Naturally a leak-free fuel system is a MUST for proper operation and on-board safety. Always inspect for fuel leaks prior to connecting wiring to the battery or connecting a battery charger to the batteries or to the AC power.

ALWAYS inspect battery compartments before connecting battery charger to batteries and while battery compartments are ventilated. Battery compartment lids should always be open to ensure no explosive hydrogen gas is trapped in the compartment.



Batteries produce hydrogen and oxygen gases when being charged. These explosive gases escape through the vent/fill caps and may form an explosive atmosphere around the battery if the ventilation is

poor. This gas may remain around the battery for several hours after charging. Sparks or flame can ignite the gas and cause an explosion.

H. FUELING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Secure boat to dock.
- 2. Boats on trailers need to be on a level surface to prevent air pockets.
- 3. Switch off all engine(s), pumps, lights, etc. that could produce a spark.
- 4. Do not smoke, strike matches, or throw an electrical switch.
- 5. Make certain all passengers are ashore.
- 6. Be sure the proper type and grade of fuel as recommended by your engine owner's manual is used.
- 7. Determine how much fuel is required to avoid overflow.
- 8. Ensure that a fire extinguisher is readily available.
- 9. Insert the fuel supply nozzle, keeping it in contact with the fuel fill deck plate to guard against static produced sparks.
- 10. Stand away from the fuel tank vent/fill during fueling. Splash-back may occur which could cause a fire hazard.
- 11. Make a habit of inspecting the bilge after pumping 5-10 gallons of fuel for any signs of leakage. If no problems are detected, resume fueling.
- 12. DO NOT top off fuel tank. Allow room for thermal expansion, to prevent fuel from sloshing out the vent. Allow no more than three automatic click-offs when filling.

I. AFTER FUELING

- 1. Replace all fill caps securely.
- 2. Wipe up any excess fuel immediately.
- 3. Determine that there is no odor of gasoline in the bilge, before turning on lights, pumps, or starting engine.

WARNING

Spilled fuel is a fire hazard. DO NOT overfill or overflow the tank, or allow fuel spills into the hull or bilge. If spillage occurs, clean up immediately and dispose of soiled rags in a proper container.

WARNING

A wide variety of components used on this vessel contain or emit chemicals known to cause cancer and birth defects and other reproductive harm.

EXAMPLES INCLUDE:

- Engine and generator exhaust
- Engine and generator fuel, and other liquids such as coolants and oil, especially used motor oil.
- Cooking fuels
- · Cleaners, paints, and substances used for vessel repair
- Waste materials that result from wear of vessel components
- · Lead from battery terminals and from other sources such as ballast or fishing sinkers.
- TO AVOID HARM:
- · Keep away from engine, generator, and cooking fuel exhaust fumes
- Wash areas thoroughly with soap and water after handling the substances above.

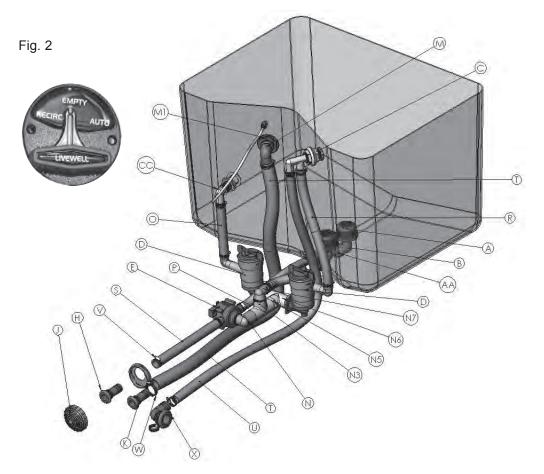
YOUR LIVEWELL AERATION SYSTEM

The livewell aerator system in a Ranger boat is designed to supply the water and oxygen necessary to the survival of your catch. This patented system not only allows fresh water to be pumped in through the aerator supply line(s), but also permits recirculation and aeration at any speed of boat operation.

The recirc position (with aerator running) will only recirculate what water is in the well. It does not bring in any fresh water. This position provides a more positive seal and is good to use if you are going to transport live fish in the well.

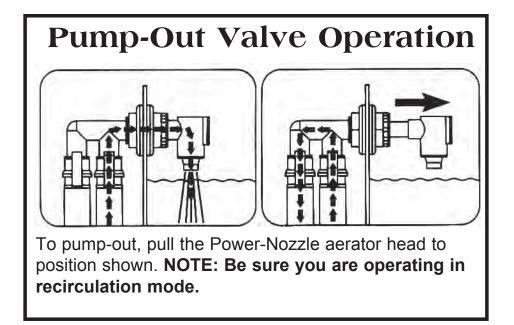
The auto position also holds the water in the well and in conjunction with the aerator will allow a mix of fresh water intake and recirculate existing water. This would be the normal position for a day of fishing. The empty position is just that, to empty the water from the well.

On models without digital switching, the livewell aerator timer located on the driver's console, controls the off time of the aerators when the pump switch is in the automatic position. The timer starts and stops the pump at intervals determined by the setting on the timer. Full counterclockwise is minimum off time and full clockwise is maximum off time. To have the aerator pumps run continuously, set the pump switch to the manual position.



LIVEWELL PUMP-OUT

Your new Ranger may be equipped with a livewell pump-out system. To use this pump out feature, put the livewell control valve in the recirc position and pull out on the aerator spray head. Turn on the aerator and the water in the well will be emptied. To fill the livewell and resume normal operation, push the aerator spray head in and set the livewell valve to the auto position.

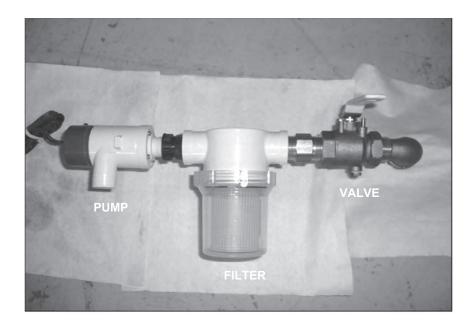


ITEM NUMBER PART NUMBER DESCRIPTION AA 3/4" x GHT Swivel Female Insert 7415915 Х 7100111 90 Deg. Black thru Hull 3/4" W 7843112 5/8" - 1-1/2" Hose Clamp HF 16SS V 7843092 Clamp, 1/2-1" Hose, HF 10SS U 3/4" blk Spiral Reinf Wtr Hose 7400262 Т 7400225 1-1/8" ID Blk Bilge Hose O, P, R, S 7400262 3/4" Blk Spiral Reinf Water Hose Ν **PVC ASSEMBLY** 1-1/8" Closed Cell Neop. Gasket M1 7100162 7100125 Black 90 Deg 1-1/8" Elbow W/Nut Μ 1-1/8" Black Thru Hull Grommet Κ 7100110 J 7100118 Transom Mt L/W Screen (2 pc-sml) Н 7100112 Black 3/4" Thru Hull Straight Actuator (Center Empty) Livewell 5900006 Е 5903070 Actuator Valve "Center Empty" D 6000057 Pump, Aerator, 750GPHW/90DG ELB CC 7415855 Venturi Air Aeration Sys Kit С Pump-Out/Aerator Combo 6000050 В 7415816 3/4 Male NPT x Male GHT Elbow Filter, L/W, Int, Mesh А 7100130

LIVEWELL PLUMBING ASSEMBLY

SALTWATER LIVEWELL PLUMBING SYSTEM

MODELS 168, 184, 2310, 2410



Operation Instructions:

Your livewell Aeration System

- 1: Valve (shown in closed position) should be left open
- 2: Close valve when cleaning filter or servicing pump.



- 3: The livewell (all except optional leaning post/bait well) aerator head is adjustable with a valve. The head also is threaded for a hose connection. Recirculate pump does not have valve.
- 4: Install drain plug (1-1/8") or overflow pipe (1-1/2") in livewell to hold water. Pull to drain.

RECIRCULATION PUMP STANDARD ON STERN LIVEWELL, OPTIONAL LEANING POST/BAIT WELL MODELS 168, 184, 2310, 2400, 2410



LIVEWELL OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

- (1) With boat in the water.
- (2) Install drain plug or overflow pipe in livewell to hold water. Pull to drain.
- (3) Be sure hi-speed pick-up valve is open and filter is securely tightened and positioned horizontally with boat bottom (prevents air locks). Aerator head valve (in livewell) should be open.
- (4) Battery selector switch turned to battery used, main breaker in on position.
- (5) Sometimes it may be needed to drive the boat forward if pump has an airlock when initially putting the boat in off a trailer.

MAINTENANCE TIPS FOR AERATOR SYSTEM

- (1) Remove screens only for flushing aerator system.
- (2) Keep screens in place for cleaning and during operation. Replace damaged or broken screens immediately.
- (3) Do not exceed the recommended fuse size on the aerator pumps (a larger fuse WILL NOT make a stronger aerator system!).
- (4) Lubricate pivot on livewell control cable periodically using light weight machine oil.
- (5) Continual operation of pump (especially dry) will damage pump. Be sure aerator switches are "off" when storing, etc.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Pump runs, but will not pump water:

- ➡ Entrapped air pocket around pump impeller has "air locked" pump. With valve in "fill" position, back boat up slowly to expel entrapped water.
- ➡ On Saltwater models, be sure high speed pickup valve is open (handle in line with valve) and drive boat forward to expel entrapped air.
- Grass, sticks, or other debris have clogged the filters or cavity around the pump impeller, restricting water flow to pump. Clean screens, or remove screens and flush system with garden hose using moderate pressure.
- ⇒ On Saltwater models, close the valve, unscrew filter, clean filter element and reinstall. Open valve.

Pump will not run (no "hum" is heard):

- Analyzie Ana
- ⇒ Check master breaker switch in the rear compartment.
- ⇒ Check fuse, breaker or flashing LED light on digital switching models. Replace or reset as necessary.
- ➡ Check wire connector at pump.
- → Replace pump.

Livewells will not hold water in "Fill" position.

- ⇒ Flush system to clear debris from livewell valve.
- ⇒ Check cable to valve connection for proper adjustment.
- Remove cable, put water in livewell to see if well will hold water with cable removed. If so, adjust cable to match actuator arm.
- Remove valve and disassemble. Clean inside of valve with warm soapy water and inspect flappers for nicks, cuts and abrasions. Replace flappers if necessary.

On Saltwater models, be sure drain plug or stand pipe is installed.

STEERING AT CONSOLE

WARNING The steering in your boat is one of the most important items and should be checked by the driver every time the boat is used. You should school yourself and make it a habit to check the steering methodically.

Loose or worn steering could lead to an accident causing injury or death.

Your new Ranger may be equipped with Teleflex hydraulic steering.

This system is designed to help reduce engine torque felt at the wheel (see Fig. 3, page 25), while providing excellent steering response. However, this is not to be interpreted in any way as an "Automatic Pilot". A firm grip on the wheel is required at all times. Read the steering owner/installation manual for maintenance instructions.

A NOTICE Due to the special valving in the hydraulic helm the steering wheel may not be in the same position each time the steering is returned to center. This is normal operation and should be no cause for alarm.

Other Ranger models may be equipped with no feed back steering. This is mechanical steering that is designed to help reduce engine torque, felt at the wheel, to a minimum. However, a firm grip on the steering wheel is required at all times.

You should familiarize yourself with the feel of the steering at various speeds and trim settings. **NEVER** exceed speeds beyond your comfort level.

WARNING The driver must <u>always</u> keep a firm grip on the steering wheel. Failure to do so could lead to an accident causing injury or death.

TELEFLEX HYDRAULIC STEERING

Remove, clean and grease the support tube annually with quality marine grease.

Check the steering fluid level in the helm. It should be maintained at <u>no less</u> than 1/2" and <u>no more</u> then 1/8" below the bottom of the filler cap threads. Be careful not to overfill.

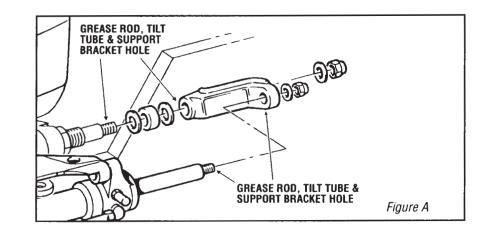
Replace any hoses showing signs of wear and remove the cause or re-route hoses.

Check fittings and seal locations for leaks/damage and service as necessary.

If you have installed a jack plate, make sure that there isn't any interference between the jack plate and your steering cylinder. If there is interference, it may occur during full tilt. Lift restrictors or a Tilt Stop Switch should be installed. Please consult your engine manufacturer.

WARNING Failure to comply with maintenance checks may result in loss of steering, causing property damage and/or personal injury. Maintenance requirements will vary depending on usage and climate. Bi-annual inspection by a qualified marine mechanic is required.

inspection by a qualified marine mechanic is required.



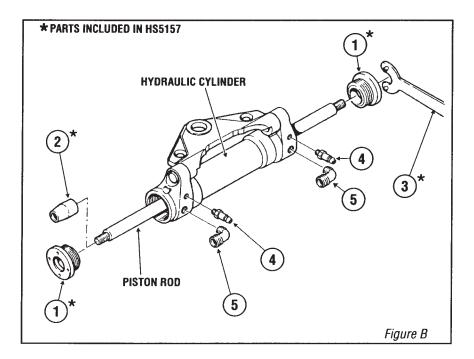
Grease rod, tilt tube and support bracket holes once a year.



ACAUTION

Engine mounting location preset at the factory. Adjustments can result in damage to control system equipment. Control system damage can result in serious injury or death. Regularly inspect control system and

For complete installation and troubleshooting information, please refer to your SeaStar installation instructions, Book 1.1 (Part # 296784).

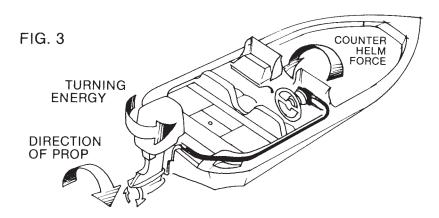


SEAL REPLACEMENT KIT (PART # HS5157) FOR: FRONT MOUNT CYLINDER (PART # HC5345)

ITEM	PART #	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	797021	2	Seal Gland Only
2	745920	1	Seal Gland Assembly Guide Tool
3	745525	1	Pin Wrench Only
4	828980	1	Bleeder Fitting
5	600601	1	Elbow Fitting

SEAL KIT # HS5157

PART #	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
797021	2	Seal Gland Only
745920		1Seal Gland Assembly Guide Tool
745525	1	Pin Wrench Only
	797021 745920	797021 2 745920

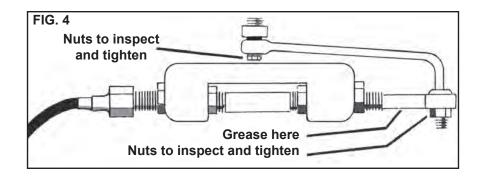


STEERING CONNECTIONS AT ENGINE

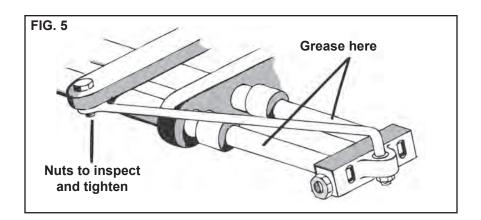
The steering may be connected at the engine by a method similar to the ones shown in Figures 4 & 5 (page 26). Figures 4 & 5 show maintenance and checkpoints that should be regularly inspected

CAUTION Check all engine to transom mounting bolts and torque to engine manufacturer specifications after the first 10 hours of use and every 30 hours thereafter. Failure to do so could lead to transom and engine damage.

See your authorized marine dealer for specific information concerning main- tenance of engine connections.



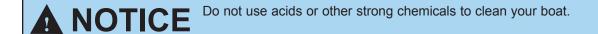
CAUTION See engine owner's manual for proper greasing and maintenance of engine link rod and steering kit.



YOUR BOAT'S FINISH... MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

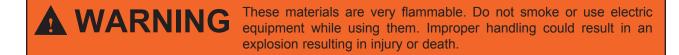
The gelcoat (color) used on your Ranger[®] Boat is of the highest quality available today. To keep it looking new and in good condition these tips will prove helpful.

- A light duty rubbing compound (available at most auto parts stores) is recommended for stains such as mold, water lines on the hull, fine scratches on finish or just to bring back that "look new" shine.
- Automotive wax or polish is good for preserving the shine and building an "armor coat" to prevent scratches and will also help protect hull while in wet storage.
- A boat cover (which is available from your Ranger dealer) is also a wise investment to help prevent damage while the boat is at home or on the road.



Careful as you may be, you will get that scratch from the dock or beach that will need some attention. Most Ranger dealers are equipped to do fiberglass repair, and large jobs are better left to the experts. However, minor scratches, chips, and gouges may be repaired by you. These instructions are to repair solid color gelcoat only, not poliflake:

- 1. Using masking tape, tape around damaged area slightly larger than actual flaw, keeping area to be repaired as small as possible.
- 2. Remove any damaged glass or gelcoat. Sand damaged area and all surface inside tape, enough to rough up area and remove shine, using #220 grit dry sand paper.
- 3. Wash area with a solvent such as acetone and allow to dry.



4. Using Ranger touch-up gelcoat or putty only, thoroughly mix 1% catalyst (MEKP) with desired amount of gelcoat or putty.



Gelcoat will not cure by itself. You must use a catalyst.

- 5. With a putty knife, trowel catalyzed gelcoat in desired area, leaving it slightly higher than the original surface to allow for shrinkage.
- 6. When patch has dried, remove masking tape and carefully sand back to the original shape using #600 grit WET sandpaper. Then buff with a light duty buffing compound.
- NOTE: Area may have to be filled more than once due to shrinkage.
- NOTE: Due to different dye lots the color may vary somewhat. However, we take all the steps to keep our color consistent.

A NOTICE Do not hold buffer in one area long enough to burn gelcoat.

NOTICE Do not sand metalflake surfaces. A different procedure is used to repair these finishes. You should contact your Ranger dealer for more information.

YOUR POWER PEDESTALS

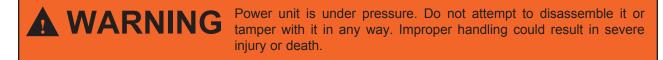
A "power pedestal" is a nitrogen gas filled steel cylinder that is used to raise and lower the fishing seats mounted on the forward and aft casting platforms. This enables you to select the proper seat height for comfort in any fishing situation. Pushing the empty seats all the way down helps to provide an unobstructed viewing area around the boat when underway.

To raise the seat, simply lift your weight slightly off the seat while raising the seat actuating lever simultaneously. To lower the seat, keep your weight on the seat and lift the lever up.

These pedestals are constructed to the highest standard of workmanship and will give years of trouble-free service. A minimum amount of care will insure proper operation. Periodically apply a light weight oil (like household "3 -in-1" oil) to the power unit piston. Take care not to over stress the pedestal by placing excessive

strain on the seat and power unit while it is extended into the full up position. Always lower the seat to the full down position when the boat is underway. We recommend that the seat and pedestal be removed from the front casting deck and remounted into the special base mounted in the front of the deck floor when running. Should your boat not have the additional base, the front fishing seat should be removed and securely placed in the floor of the boat.

Your power pedestals are warranted for three years against defects in materials and workmanship. Should a pedestal fail, return the unit to Springfield Marine, Attention: Warranty/Repair, Hwy. 160, P.O. Box 588, Nixa, Missouri 65714, or call 417-725-2667. Repairs not covered by warranty will be charged at their regular rate.



If your power pedestal will not remain in position, either up or down, you may need to make a minor adjustment to the air cylinder that causes the pedestal to be raised up and down.

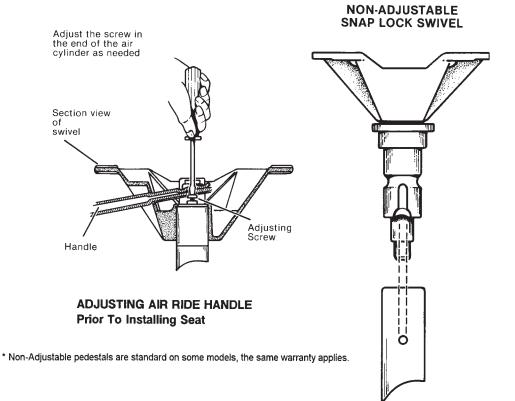
With your chair removed from the pedestal, use a Phillips #0 screwdriver to move the adjustment screw as shown in the accompanying diagram.

To avoid serious or fatal injury, do not occupy raised fishing seats WARNING when boat speed exceeds 5 MPH.

If your seat will not raise up to the proper height, adjust the screw approximately 1/4 (one-quarter) turn in a counter-clockwise direction and try the pedestal again.

If your seat will not remain in the upright position, move the adjustment screw approximately 1/4 (one-quarter) turn in a clockwise direction.

NOTE: You may need to fine-tune your pedestal by moving the adjustment screw a bit more in one direction or the other.



KEY LOCKS, CARPET AND UPHOLSTERY

Your Ranger[®] boat has been equipped with top-quality marine grade key locks to secure your storage areas. Should your boat be subjected to use in or near salt water, care should be taken to flush the locks out thoroughly with fresh water to prevent corrosion.

A NOTICE The storage locks on your new Ranger are adjusted at the time of manufacture and may require periodic adjustment during the first year of service. This is considered normal and is no cause for alarm.

The carpet in your boat is the finest grade available. Although the special backing is RESISTANT to oil and gasoline, spills should be removed with soap and water to maintain the good looks and extend the carpet life. A car-wash is suitable for washing and rinsing your carpet as well as cleaning the fiberglass surfaces.

A NOTICE The popular and effective "fish scents" that are commonly sprayed on lures today will cause deterioration of the commutation these formulas well away from your boat carpet! Any spills should be cleaned up promptly.

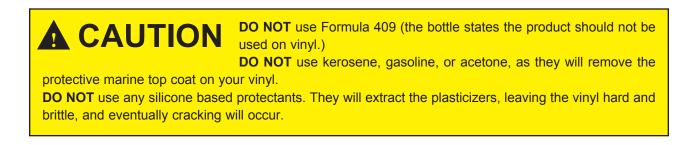
Your Ranger upholstery is top-grade marine vinyl. Naturally, the suppleness and color fidelity of the upholstery is best maintained by storing your boat out of direct sunlight. Cleaning and conditioning of your upholstery is best accomplished with an approved, top-quality vinyl cleaner. To loosen stubborn soil or embedded dirt in textured surfaces, use a soft bristle brush, your approved cleanser, followed by wiping with a damp sponge. See specific suggestions for cleaning of upholstery on pages 29 and 30.

CAUTION Do not use acetone, paint remover or other strong solvents on boat's upholstery

CLEANING UPHOLSTERY

For general purpose cleaning, use Fantastik, or warm water with a mild dish soap such as Dawn or Ivory. Gently scrub with a small soft bristle brush.

For dirt build-up, let soak for approximately 10 minutes, then gently scrub with a soft bristle brush. For specific stain removal, refer to the chart on page 30 or the staining agent's stain removal instructions.



USE		DO NOT USE	
Dish Soap (Dawn, Ivory) Fantastik 303 Protectant	Formula 409 Murphy's Oil Soap Simple Green Orange 88 Degreaser	ArmorAll Top Kote Son-of-a-Gun DC Plus Roll-Off	Bleach/Baking Soda Turtle Wax Tar Remover APCO Sealant Harbor Mate

Certain household cleaners, powdered abrasives, steel wool, and industrial cleansers can cause damage and discoloration and are not recommended.

Dry cleaning fluids and lacquer solvents/acetone (for example, nail polish remover) should not be used as they will remove printed pattern and/or gloss.

Waxes should be used with caution as many contain dyes or solvents that can permanently damage the protective coating.

This chart contains methods for removing common stains and soils:

- A. Medium-soft brush, warm soapy water. Rinse. Dry.
- B. Household cleaner such as Fantastik.
- C. One tablespoon ammonia, one-fourth cup hydrogen peroxide, three-fourths cup water applied with medium soft brush. Rinse. Dry.
- D. Wipe or scrape off excess (chill gum with ice first).
- E. Denatured Alcohol. Rinse. Dry.
- F. Follow instructions of stain agent manufacturer.

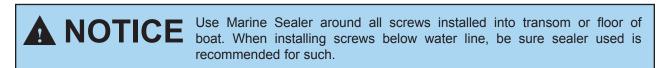
	STEP 1	STEP 2	STEP 3
Ballpoint Ink*	Е	В	А
Chewing Gum	D	В	А
Coffee, Tea, Chocolate	В		
Crayon	D	В	
Grease	D	В	F
Household Soil	А	В	
Ketchup	А	В	
Make Up (Lipstick, eye shadow etc.) A	В	
Mildew, Wet Leaves*	С	В	А
Motor Oil	В		
Paint, Dried Oil Base	D	В	А
Paint, Fresh Oil Base	D	А	F
Paint, Latex	А	В	F
Permanent Marker*	Е	В	С
Shoe Polish*	D	В	F
Spray Paint	В	F	
Suntan Lotion*	А	В	
Tar/Asphalt	D	В	
Yellow Mustard	А	В	С

* Suntan lotion, tree pollen, wet leaves, and some other products contain dyes that stain permanently.

ADDING ACCESSORIES TO YOUR BOAT...

The bow section of the gunwale is properly reinforced for installing such accessories as trolling motors and depth sounders. We recommend through-bolting all trolling motors, anchor davits and other heavier accessories. Normally 1/4" stainless steel bolts with self locking nuts and 1-1/4" fender washer will do the job. Lightweight depth sounders or similar equipment and hardware can be installed using #8 or #10 stainless steel screws. Always drill a pilot hole through the fiberglass (just smaller than the screw you're going to use) and use a counter sink to chamfer the pilot hole before attempting to install a screw. This lessens the chance of "stripping" the hold or chipping the gelcoat around the hole.

If additional instruments are desired on the console, holes may be drilled using a hole saw of the proper size.



When installing additional electric accessories, always use the proper gauge (size) wire recommended for that item. Insure that the proper size breaker or fuse is used. "Splicing" into another accessory's power supply could overload the circuit and should be avoided.



Always disconnect the positive and negative leads from the battery terminals before installing, removing, servicing, or troubleshooting any part of the electrical system.

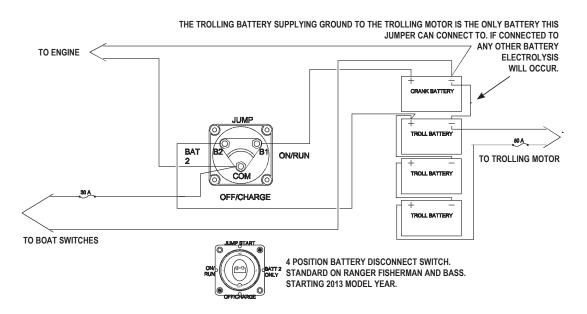
HOOK UP OF TROLLING MOTOR LEADS:

2 WIRE	RED to Battery	1 (+)	positive
36 VOLT	BLACK to Battery	3 (-)	negative
SYSTEM	JUMPER 1 (black sleeve) to Battery	1 (-)	negative
OTOTEM	JUMPER 1 (red sleeve) to Battery	2 (+)	positive
	JUMPER 2 (black sleeve) to Battery	2 (-)	negative
	JUMPER 2 (red sleeve) to Battery	3 (+)	positive
2 WIRE	RED to Battery	1 (+)	positive
24 VOLT	BLACK to Battery	2 (-)	negative
SYSTEM	WHITE from Battery	1 (-)	negative
	to Battery	2 (+)	positive
2 WIRE			
12 VOLT	RED to Battery	1 (+)	positive
SYSTEM	BLACK to Battery	1 (-)	negative
OTOTEN			

A CAUTION Hooking up leads to trolling motor in any other manner could result in severe damage to both batteries and panel.

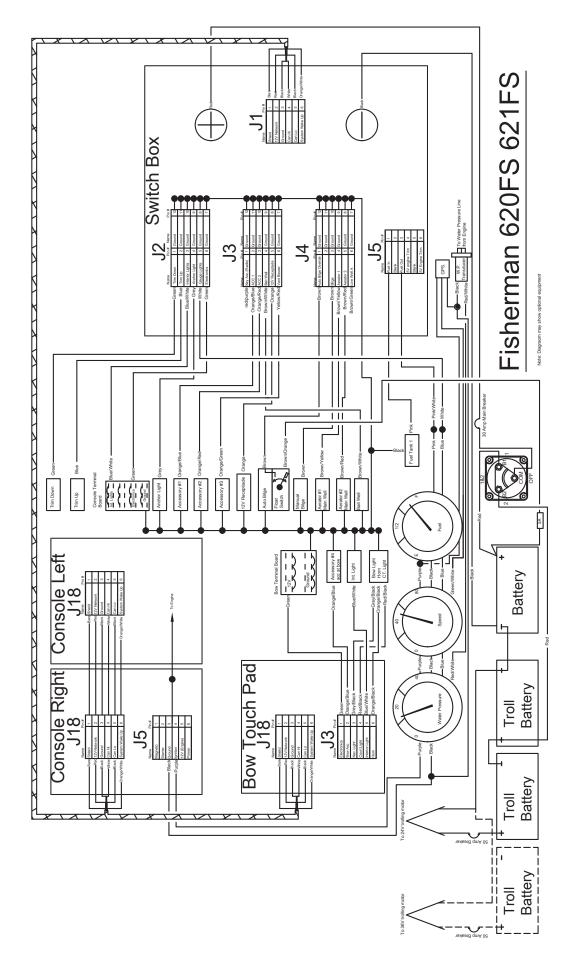
Breakers are circuit protection (50 amp 12 volt) for the positive (+) leads in the trolling motor wiring (bow to stern). A problem in the system could result in the breaker(s) being tripped. Should this occur, the breaker(s) can be reset by pushing the switch. If this occurs again, disconnect battery leads and trace immediately, or take it to your Ranger dealer for repair.

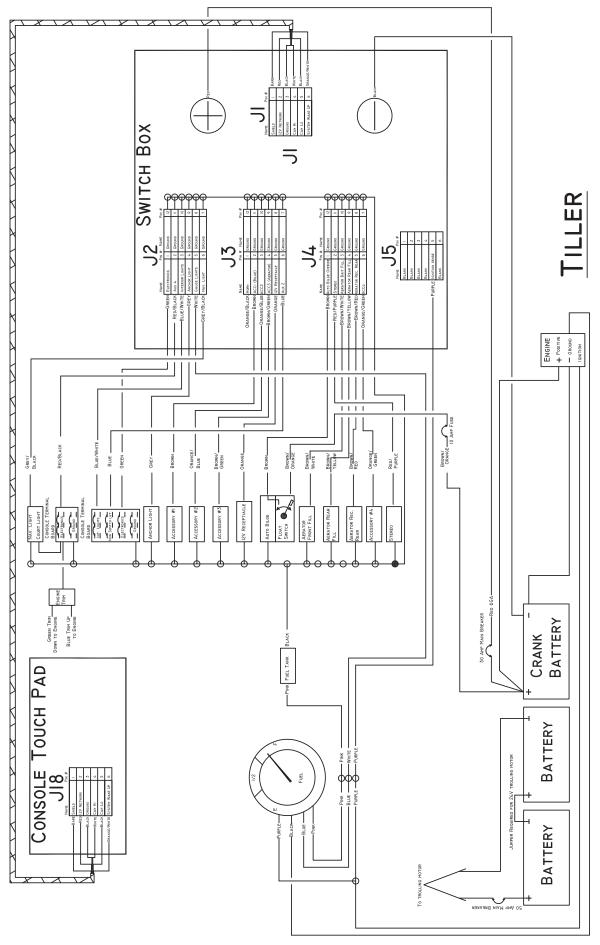
An ignition protected circuit breaker is used for the accessories. Should a breaker trip, simply reset. **This switch should also be in the "off" position when trailering or storing the boat.** It acts as a master switch and turns off all accessories getting their power from the Ranger fuse panel. Remember, engine circuits will not be affected by these breakers/switches, but could have breakers or fuses of their own. Consult your engine owners manual for electrical particulars.



Your new Ranger may have a 4 position battery disconnect switch which functions as noted:

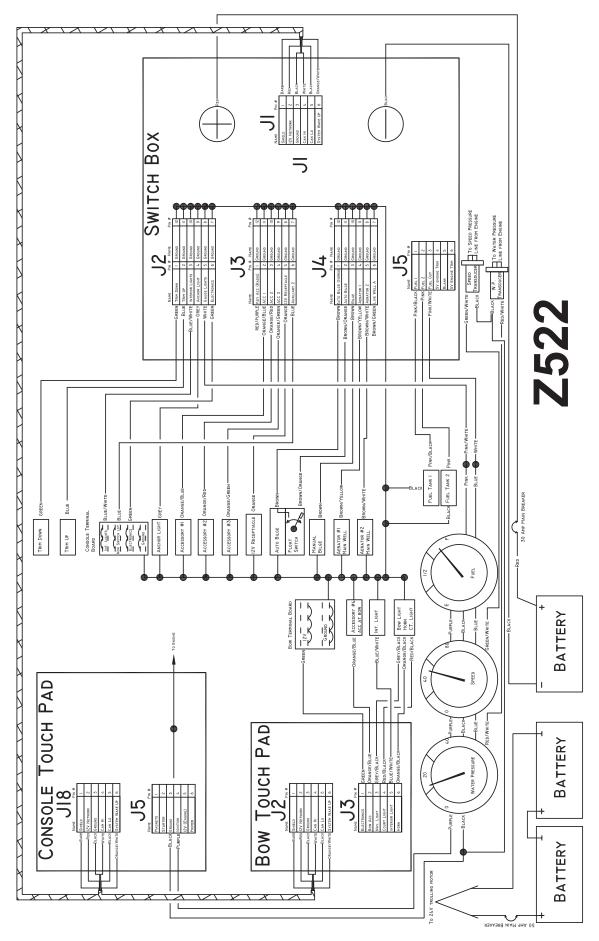
- On/run switch position while boat is in use
- Off/Charge position for storage and charging batteries. Turn switch to this position before connecting battery charger to 110V outlet
- Jump Start combines crank and trolling battery in case extra starting power is needed
- Battery 2 connects to trolling battery only

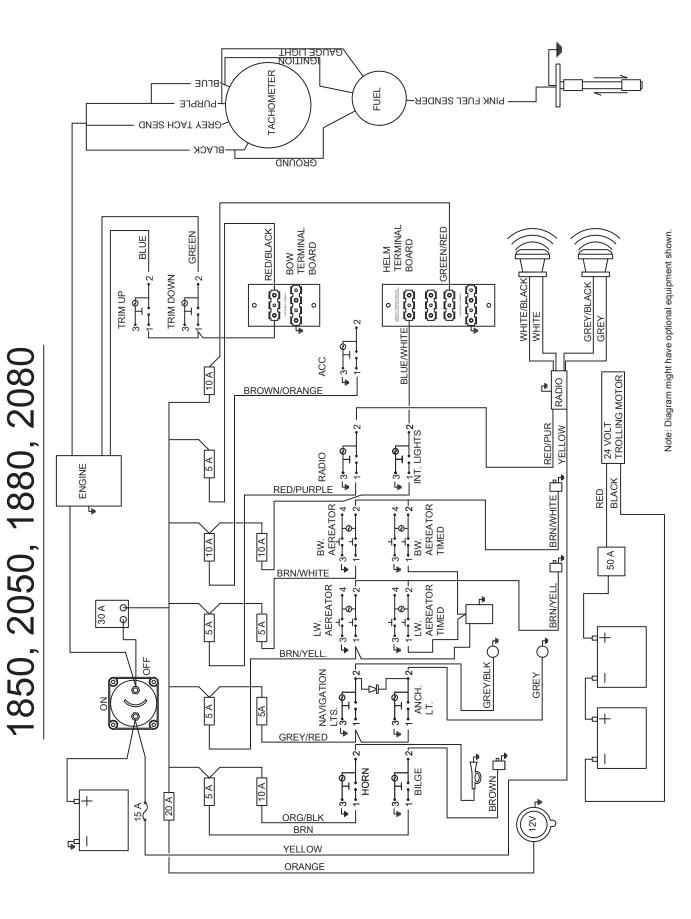


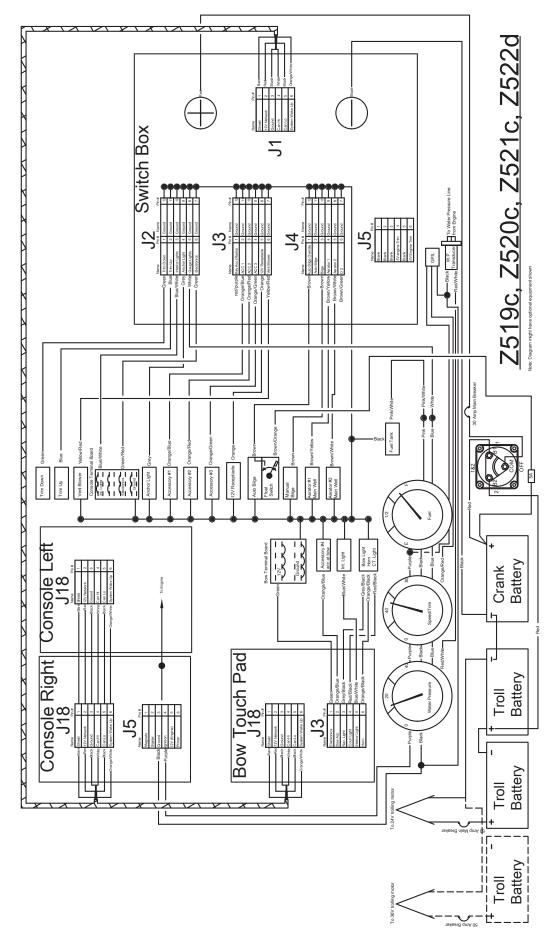


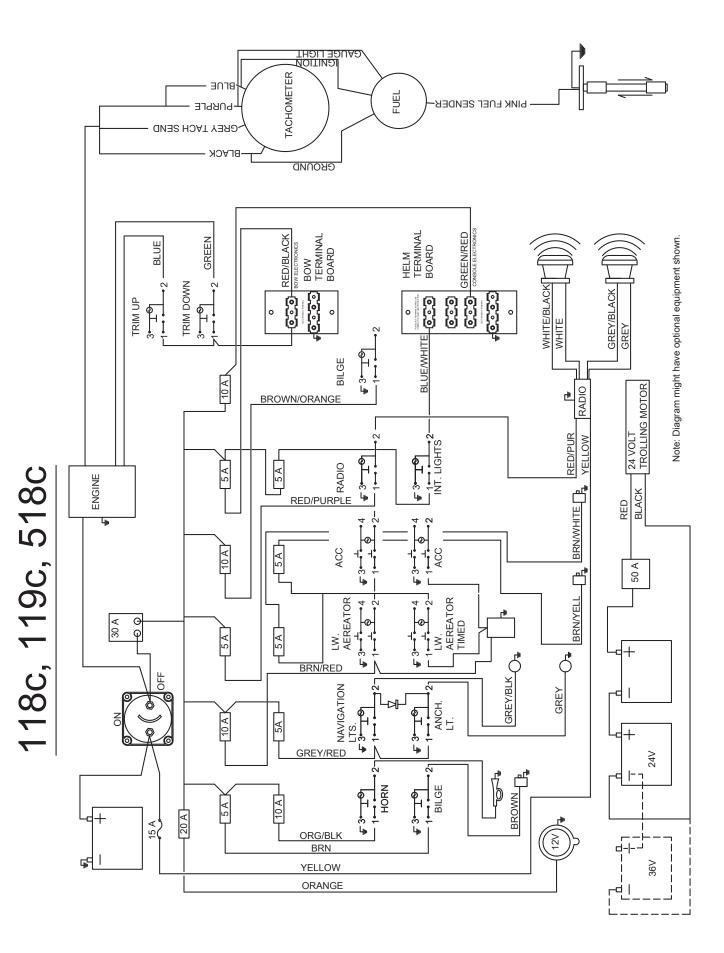
ORANGE GREEN/RED ORANGE/GREEN 10A € 3 10 1 10 2 FRESH WD. BLUEWHITE 12V THE RAW WD. SALT WATER BAY BOATS ÷÷ 4 N 5A € 3 T 9 (0) (0) (0) 000 000 0000 ORANGE/BLUE BLUE/WHITE 0 0 36 VOLT TROLLING MOTOR 3 N BILGE 6I é. E3-TO 5A 4 ÷E 4 10A 13-BROWN ď BROWN/BLUE D BW. AERATOR -2-BRN/RED 4 0 10 A 10 A ENGINE MAN 13 BLACK RED LW. RECIR. MAN. 4 40 10 A TOA 50 A 100 Lan BRN/WHITE -2-4 4 ŝ LW. FILL TIMED LW. FILL MAN. F 3 ... - 9 30 A 00 0 10 A TOA 84 +BRN/YELL NOILDOINAN DE CONTRACTOR CONTRACT 2 à N ANCH. LT. E 3 TO EA -C 10 A -8-4 + BROWN 2. Fp HORN BILGE 6T F3-TO TRIM TAB POWER 10 A 8 10 A 20 A 13 -d+ ₹Q ORG/BLK BRN 駧 BROWN/ORANGE 12 AWG ORANGE

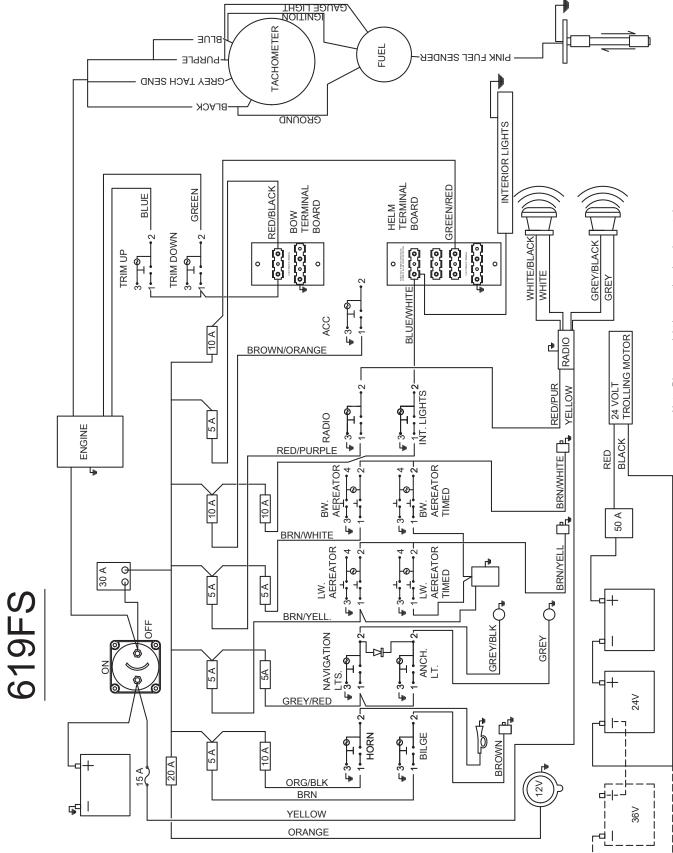
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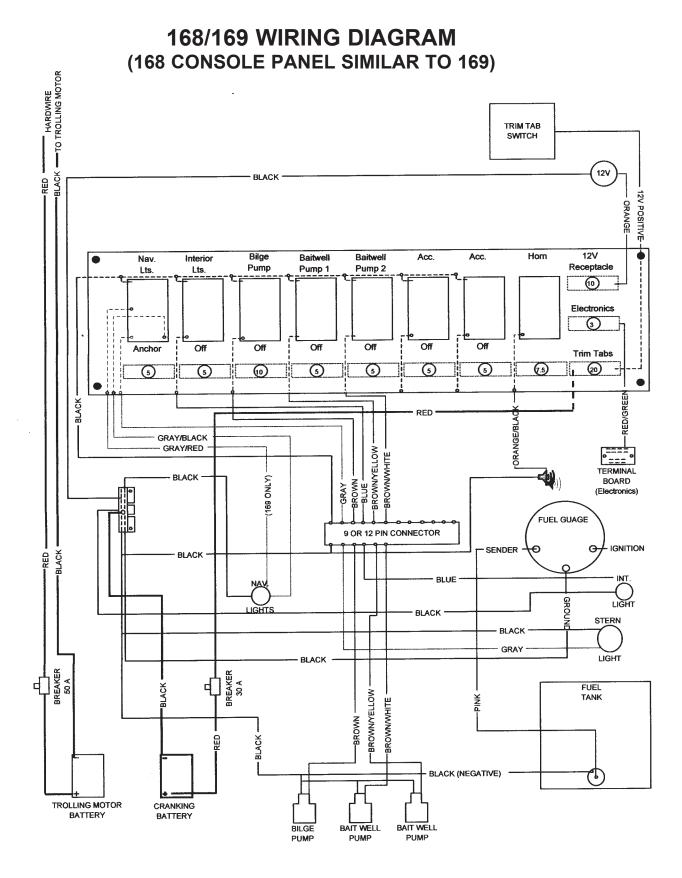








Note: Diagram might have optional equipment shown.



ELECTRICAL SYSTEM

FUSE PANEL INFORMATION

CAUTION

On some models, the fuse panel features plug-in type ATC fuses. The fuses can be easily inspected and replaced. Z Comanche along with certain Fisherman and Saltwater models have no replaceable fuses. Circuits are reset as outlined in that model's Electrical System section. The Panel has a capacity of twelve to sixteen individual circuits. The particular accessory(ies) they operate are shown on the decal on the right side of the fuse panel or back side of the fuse panel cover.

fuse when adding accessories to the fuse panel.

> Inspect battery compartment(s) before plugging in AC power to charger. Inspect for loose wires, cracked battery, etc.

Do not exceed recommended fuse sizes. Always install proper rated

To improve the performance of the batteries, turn the master switch or breakers to the off position when the boat is not in use. Electronics, stereos and other items that the boat may be equipped with, could have a current draw even when those items are turned off. If you leave your boat in the water, leave the breaker turned on in order for the automatic bilge pump to have power. If conditions are such that the bilge pump is operating frequently, it will be necessary to check the battery for its state of charge and to charge as needed. On Saltwater models equipped with digital switching, you may leave the main breaker and all cut off switches turned to the off position while the boat is not in use. The auto bilge pump on these models is connected directly to the battery and fused independent of the main breaker.

Symbols	Туре	Function	Operation
	Double Pole Double Throw	Manual for continuous running Live Well Aerator	Manual OFF
		Timer for timed aeration	Timer
-̈́Q-	Single Pole Single Throw	Interior lights Compartment lights	Lights On
			OFF
NAV	Double Pole Double Throw	Nav light is the Red & Green & Anchor Light Navigation Lights	Navigation Light OFF
ANCH		Anchor light is Light at rear of boat	Anchor Light
	Single Pole Momentary	Horn	Horn
			OFF

ROCKER SWITCH EQUIPPED MODELS

Symbols	Туре	Function	Operation
¢	Single Pole Single Throw	Bilge Pump	Bilge
	Single Pole Single Throw	ACC	Press up to operate an a accessory OFF
2.	Single Pole Double Momentary	Engine Trim	Trim Engine up OFF Trim Engine down
1	Single Pole Single Throw	Radio	Press up to turn Power on to the Radio OFF

ROCKER SWITCH EQUIPPED MODELS - CONTINUED

1850, 2050, 1880, 2080 SWITCHING



The main battery disconnect switch must be turned to the on position to provide power to the system. Turn the switch to off to remove power from the switching system and the engine.



Horn – This switch operates the horn on the boat. While pressing this button the horn will sound. Once released the horn will stop sounding.



Bilge – This switch operates the standard bilge on the boat. Pressing this button once will operate the bilge. Pressing it again will turn the bilge off.



Navigation lights – This switch operates the Navigation Lights. Pressing this switch once will turn on the red/green as well as the anchor light. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the lights off.



Anchor light – This switch operates the anchor light. With the Navigation Lights off press this switch once and the Anchor Light will come on. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the light off.



LW. Aerator – This switch operates the live well fill pump. Pressing the switch once will turn the live well fill pump on. Pressing it a second time will turn the pump off.



LW. Aerator Timed – This switch operates the timer for the live well fill pump. With the LW. FILL off, pressing this switch will activate the pump in a timed cycle of 3 minutes on and 2 minutes off. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the pump and timer off.

BW. Aerator – This switch operates the bait well fill pump. Pressing this switch once will turn the pump on. Pressing it a second time will turn the pump off.

BW. Aerator Timed – This switch operates the timer for the bait well fill pump. With the BW. Aerator switch off, pressing this switch will activate the bait well fill pump in a timed cycle of 3 minutes on and 2 minutes off. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the pump and timer off.

INT. LTS – This switch will operate any interior, bait/live well and box lights installed on the boat. Pressing this button once will turn the lights on and pressing it a second time will turn the lights off.



Radio – Pressing this switch will supply power to the radio. Pressing it a second time will turn the power off to the radio.



Trim Up - Pressing this switch will trim the engine up. Releasing this switch will stop engine trim.



Trim Down – Pressing this switch will trim the engine down. Releasing this switch will stop engine trim.

ACC – This switch operates any accessories installed on the boat. Pressing the switch once will turn the accessory on and pressing it a second time will turn the accessory off.

620FS and 621FS

Wake and Sleep Mode

Sleep mode will cause the keypad to reduce power consumption by reducing live circuits. For the keypad to enter the sleep mode it will require the main 30 amp breaker to be on, no switch activity for four hours, all pumps turned off, and the ignition is off. When the keypad is in the sleep mode the accessories will not function. To wake the keypad you must press one of the following functions: Start, Stop, 1, 2, 3, 4, or any button on the bow touch pad with the main breaker set to the on position. After pressing one of the buttons, you can then proceed with your desired operation. While the keypad is in the sleep mode, the float switch to the bilge still has power and if the float switch is triggered, it will wake the keypad. If the bilge pumps, livewell pumps or the ignition is left on, the system will not enter sleep mode.

Keyless Ignition

Starting the engine:

- Turn the main breaker to on.
- Press on the buttons required to wake the system.
- Enter the following user code unless it has not been changed in order "1-2-3-4".
- Press "Start". After pressing start the LED by the "1" button will light putting the keyless ignition switch in accessory mode.

- Press the "Start" button a second time holding it for two seconds and the engine will crank.
- Once the engine has started, release the "Start" button.
- · To stop the engine, press the stop button.
- To lock the system after stopping the engine, enter the user code "1-2-3-4" and then press "Stop".

To choke a carbureted engine:

Press the "Start" and the "1" key simultaneously while starting the engine.

To change the user code:

Wake the system up by pressing one of the buttons described above. Enter in the current user code followed by pressing the "1" and "4" buttons at the same time. You will have two seconds after entering in the user code to press the "1" and "4" buttons.

"1-2-3-4" → "1" and "4"

Leave the "1" and "4" depressed until the "1" LED flashes. If the "1" LED does not flash after holding the "1" and "4" down for five seconds, one of the following may have happened: the user code was not entered correctly or "1" and "4" was not depressed at the same time, or too much time elapsed after entering in the user code before pressing the "1" and "4". Turn the system off by entering in the code and press stop. After the LED is not lit by the stop button, start at the beginning of this section again.

After the flashing of the stop LED is obtained, enter in the new four digit number followed by the start button, and then re-enter the four digit number followed by the start button.

"X-X-X-X" → "Start" → "X-X-X-X" → "Start"

After pressing the start button the second time, the system will go into accessory mode. If it does not enter accessory mode, type the current user code in and press the stop button then proceed to the beginning of this section.

Navigation Lights

The switch labeled "Nav./Anchor" on the bow and console keypads controls the operation of the navigation lights. On the first key press, the bow navigation and stern anchor lights will turn on. On the second press, the bow lights will turn off and the anchor light will remain on. On the third key press, the anchor light will turn off.

Aerator System

Pressing the "L" or "1" button will activate the rear well's aeration pumps, pressing this button again will turn off the aeration pumps. Pressing the "B" or "2" button will activate the bait well aeration pump; pressing this button again will turn off the bait well aeration pump. At the bow pressing the aerator button once will turn on the rear well, pressing a second time will turn on the rear well and the bait well, pressing a third time will turn the pumps off. Pressing the aerator timer button will turn on the timer in the "L" setting. The timer can be adjusted in two increments "L and H". The "L" setting is 1 minute on then 2 minutes off and "H" is 15 minutes on and 2 minutes off.

Bilge System

The switch labeled with an image of the water leaving the sump of the boat controls the bilge pumps in the boat. Pressing the button once turns on the manual bilge pump, press a second time to turn on the manual and auto bilge pump. Pressing the button a third time will turn both pumps off.

Interior Lights

Pressing the button with the light bulb activates the interior lights on the boat. Pressing this key 1 time will activate the lights; pressing the key a second time will turn off the lights. If the lights are left on, they will automatically turn off after five minutes.

Dimming the Instrument Lights and Key Pad Lights

If the boat is equipped with the standard gauges it is possible to dim the gauge lights and key pad lights for night driving. If the boat is not equipped with standard gauges the touch pad lights can be dimmed. To do so press and hold in on the light dimming button and the gauge lights along with the touch pad lights will dim down. The gauge lights will dim down to an off state. The touch pad lights will dim down 90%. Once the level of brightness is obtained, release the dimming button. The switching system will leave the lights at this brightness until the dimming switch is turned off. The indicator light around the dimming button will light showing that dimming is active. If you choose to make the lights bright again press and hold in on the dimming button until the brightness desired is obtained.

Accessories

There are five accessory functions labeled "ACC, A1, A2, and A3". The accessories buttons will drive any device up to 5 amps. Pressing the button once will turn the accessory on, and pressing a second time will turn the accessory off.

Horn

The button with the image of a trumpet is the horn button. Pressing and holding this button will sound the horn; releasing this button will turn the horn off.

02

This button controls the oxygenator in the live well, if your boat is equipped with this option. Press this button to turn the oxygenator on, pressing it a second time will turn this item off.

Vent Fan

This button operates a blower motor used to force air from the outside into port rod, center, and the starboard storage compartments. Press this button once to turn the blower on, press it again and it will turn the blower off.

Trim

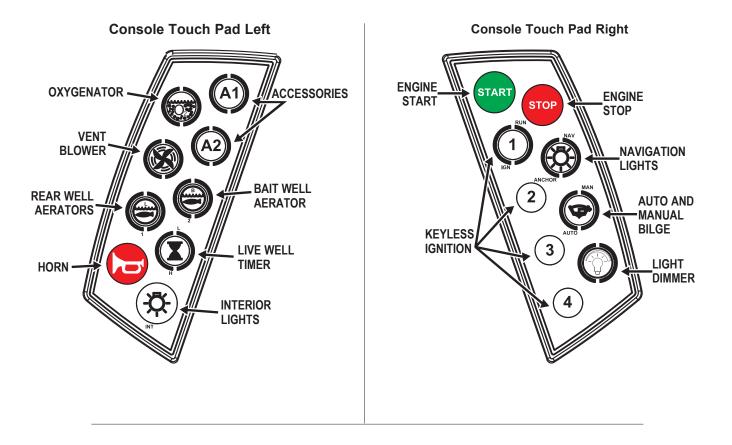
On the bow keypad, the switch with the up arrow controls the trim up and the switch with the down arrow controls the trim down. Pressing and holding the button will allow the trim to function. Releasing the button will cause the trim to stop.

Back Lighting

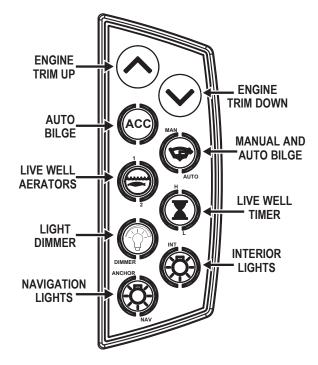
The back lighting will illuminate the keypad. After waking up the system, it will turn on for 60 seconds or while in the wake mode, it will turn on after any key press for 60 seconds.

Resetting a Breaker

If a circuit causes the breaker to throw it is indicated by a flashing LED. The LED corresponding to the thrown breaker will flash by its switch. If the 1 LED is the only LED flashing one of the un-switched outputs (trim, 12V, radio, auto bilge float switch, electronics, or key on engine hot) has thrown a breaker. To reseat the breaker press the switch in leaving it held in for five seconds. If the light remains flashing there is a direct short present. If the light stops flashing the breaker has been reset.



Bow Touch Pad



SALTWATER SERIES 220, 240, 2310, 2410

Salt Water Switching



The main battery disconnect switch must be turned to battery 1 in order for the switching system to turn on. A second battery can be installed on 2. The second battery can be used for a means of boosting battery 1.



Horn – This switch operates the horn on the boat. While pressing this button the horn will sound. Once released, the horn will stop sounding.



Bilge – This switch operates the standard bilge on the boat. Pressing this button once will operate the bilge. Pressing it again will turn the bilge off.



Navigation lights – This switch operates the Navigation Lights. Pressing this switch once will turn on the red/green as well as the anchor light. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the lights off.



Anchor light – This switch operates the anchor light. With the Navigation Lights off press this switch once and the Anchor Light will come on. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the light off.

LW. Fill – This switch operates the live well fill pump. Pressing the switch once will turn the live well fill pump on. Pressing it a second time will turn the pump off.

LW. Fill Timed – This switch operates the timer for the live well fill pump. With the LW. FILL off, pressing this switch will activate the pump in a timed cycle of 3 minutes on and 2 minutes off. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the pump and timer off.



LW. Recir. – This switch turns on the recirculation pump. Pressing this switch once will turn the pump on and pressing it a second time will turn the pump off.

LW. Recir. Timed – This switch operates the timer for the live well recirculation pump. With the LW. Recir. Off pressing this switch will activate the recirculation pump in a timed cycle of 3 minutes on and 2 minutes off. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the pump and timer off.



BW. Aerator – This switch operates the bait well fill pump. Pressing this switch once will turn the pump on. Pressing it a second time will turn the pump off.

BW. Aerator Timed – This switch operates the timer for the bait well fill pump. With the BW. Aerator switch off, pressing this switch will activate the bait well fill pump in a timed cycle of 3 minutes on and 2 minutes off. Pressing this switch a second time will turn the pump and timer off.



INT. LTS – This switch will operate any interior, bait/live well and box lights installed on the boat. Pressing this button once will turn the lights on and pressing it a second time will turn the lights off.

ACC – This switch operates any accessories installed on the boat. Pressing the switch once will turn the accessory on and pressing it a second time will turn the accessory off. Our standard setup: the optional bilge is installed on ACC 1, raw water wash down is installed on ACC 2, optional aerator is installed on ACC 3, and the fresh water wash down is installed on ACC 4.

Z519c, Z520c, Z521c, Z520ci, Z522d

Wake and Sleep Mode

Sleep mode will cause the key pad to reduce power consumption by reducing live circuits. For the key pad to enter the sleep mode it will require the main 30 amp breaker to be on and no switch activity for four hours, all pumps turned off, and the ignition is off. When the key pad is in the sleep mode the accessories will not function. To wake the key pad you must press one of the following functions: Start, Stop, 1, 2, 3, 4, or any button on the bow touch pad with the main breaker set to the on position. After pressing one of the buttons you can then proceed with your desired operation. While the key pad is in the sleep mode the float switch to the bilge still has power and if the float switch is triggered it will wake the key pad. If the bilge pumps, live well pumps, or ignition is left on, the system will not enter sleep mode.

Keyless Ignition

Starting the engine:

- Turn the main breaker to on.
- Press on the buttons required to wake the system.
- Enter the following user code unless it has not been changed in order "1-2-3-4".
- Press "Start". After pressing start the LED by the 1 button will light putting the keyless ignition switch in accessory mode.
- Press the "Start" button a second time holding it for two seconds and the engine will crank.
- Once the engine has started, release the "Start" button.
- To stop the engine, press the stop button.
- To lock the system after stopping the engine, enter the user code "1-2-3-4" and then press "Stop".

To choke a carbureted engine:

Press the "Start" and the "1" key simultaneously while starting the engine.

To change the user code:

Wake the system up by pressing one of the buttons described above. Enter in the current user code followed by pressing the "1" and "4" buttons at the same time. You will have 2 seconds after entering in the user code to press the "1" and "4" buttons.

"1-2-3-4" **→** "1&4"

Leave the "1&4" depressed until the 1 LED flashes. If the 1 LED does not flash after holding the "1&4" down for 5 seconds, one of the following may have happened: the user code was not entered correctly, or 1 and 4 were not depressed at the same time, or too much time elapsed after entering in the user code before pressing the 1

and 4. Turn the system off by entering in the code and press stop. After the LED is not lit by the stop button, start at the beginning of this section again.

After the flashing of the stop LED is obtained, enter in the new four digit number followed by the start button, and then re-enter the four digit number followed by the start button.

"X-X-X-X" → "Start" → "X-X-X-X" → "Start"

After pressing the start button the second time the system will go into accessory mode. If it does not enter accessory mode, type the current user code in and press the stop button, then proceed at the beginning of this section.

Navigation Lights

The switch labeled "Nav./Anchor" on the bow and console keypads controls the operation of the navigation lights. On the first key press, the bow navigation and stern anchor lights will turn on. On the second press the bow lights will turn off and the anchor light will remain on. On the third key press the anchor light will turn off.

Aerator System

Pressing the live well key will activate two aeration pumps. Pressing this button again will turn off the aeration pumps. Pressing the live well timer button will automatically turn on the aeration pumps and the timer in the "L" setting. The timer can be adjusted in two increments, "L and H". The "L" setting is 1 minute on and 2 minutes off and "H" is 15 minutes on and 2 minutes off.

Bilge System

The switch labeled with an image of the water leaving the sump of the boat controls the bilge pumps in the boat. Pressing the button once turns on the manual bilge pump, press a second time to turn on the manual and auto bilge pump. Pressing the button a third time will turn both pumps off.

Interior Lights

Pressing the button with the light bulb activates the interior lights on the boat. Pressing this key 1 time will activate the lights. Pressing the key a second time will turn off the lights. If the lights are left on they will automatically turn off after five minutes.

Dimming the Instrument Lights and Key pad Lights

If the boat is equipped with the standard gauges it is possible to dim the gauge lights and key pad lights for night driving. If the boat is not equipped with standard gauges the touch pad lights can be dimmed. To do so press and hold in on the light dimming button and the gauge lights along with the touch pad lights will dim down. The gauge lights will dim down to an off state. The touch pad lights will dim down 90%. Once the level of brightness is obtained, release the dimming button. The switching system will leave the lights at this brightness until the dimming switch is turned off. The indicator light around the dimming button will light showing that dimming is active. If you choose to make the lights bright again press and hold in on the dimming button until the brightness desired is obtained.

Accessories

There are five accessory functions labeled "ACC, A1, A2, and A3". The accessories buttons will drive any device up to 5 amps. Pressing the button once will turn the accessory on. Pressing a second time will turn the accessory off.

Horn

The button with the image of a trumpet is the horn button. Pressing and holding this button will sound the horn; releasing this button will turn the horn off.

O2

This button controls the oxygenator in the live well, if your boat is equipped with this option. Press this button to turn the oxygenator on, and pressing it a second time will turn this item off.

Vent Fan

This button operates a blower motor used to force air from the outside into port rod, center, and the starboard storage compartments. Press this button once to turn the blower on. Press it again and it will turn the blower off.

Trim

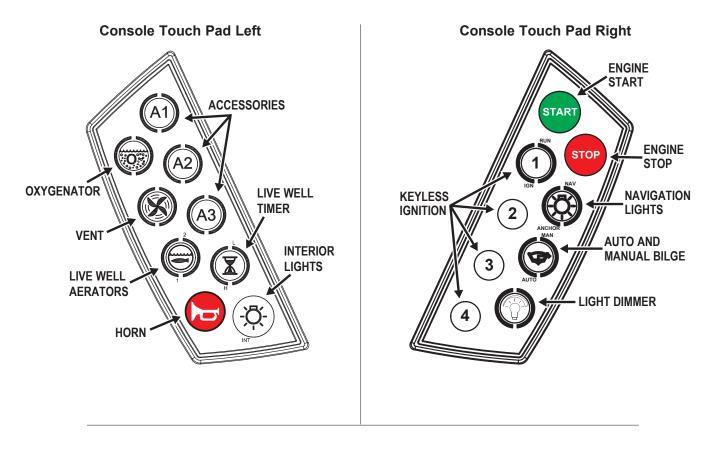
On the bow keypad, the switch with the up arrow controls the trim up and the switch with the down arrow controls the trim down. Pressing and holding the button will allow the trim to function. Releasing the button will cause the trim to stop.

Back Lighting

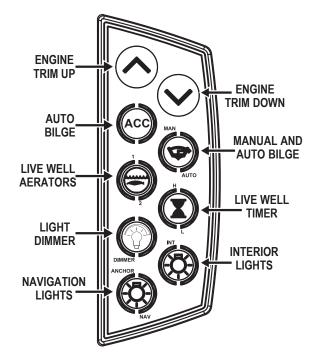
The back lighting will illuminate the key pad. After waking up the system it will turn on for 60 seconds or while in the wake mode it will turn on after any key press for 60 seconds.

Resetting a Breaker

If a circuit causes the breaker to throw it is indicated by a flashing LED. The LED corresponding to the thrown breaker will flash by its switch. If the 1 LED is the only LED flashing one of the un-switched outputs (trim, 12V, radio, auto bilge float switch, electronics, or key on engine hot) has thrown a breaker. To reset the breaker press the switch in, leaving it held in for five seconds. If the light remains flashing there is a direct short present. If the light stops flashing the breaker has been reset.



Bow Touch Pad



Z522

Wake and Sleep Mode

Sleep mode will cause the keypad to reduce power consumption by reducing live circuits. For the keypad to enter the sleep mode, it will require the main 30 amp breaker to be on and no switch activity for four hours, all pumps turned off and the ignition is off. When the key pad is in the sleep mode, the accessories will not function. To wake the keypad, you must press one of the following functions: Start, Stop, 1, 2, 3, 4 or any button on the bow touch pad with the main breaker set to the on position. After pressing one of the buttons, you can then proceed with your desired operation. While the keypad is in the sleep mode, the float switch to the bilge still has power and if the float switch is triggered, it will wake the keypad. If the bilge pumps, livewell pumps, or ignition is left on, the system will not enter sleep mode.

Keyless Ignition

Starting the engine:

- Turn the main breaker to on.
- · Press on the buttons required to wake the system.
- Enter the following user code unless it has not been changed in order "1-2-3-4".
- Press "Start". After pressing start the LED by the stop button will light putting the keyless ignition switch in accessory mode.
- Press the "Start" button a second time holding it for two seconds and the engine will crank.
- Once the engine has started, release the "Start" button.
- To stop the engine, press the stop button.
- To lock the system after stopping the engine, enter the user code "1-2-3-4" and then press "Stop".

To choke a carbureted engine:

Press the "Start" and the "1" key simultaneously while starting the engine.

To change the user code:

Wake the system up by pressing one of the buttons described above. Enter in the current user code followed by pressing the "1" and "4" buttons at the same time. You will have two seconds after entering in the user code to press the "1" and "4" buttons.

"1-2-3-4" buttons ----- "1" and "4"

Leave the "1" and "4" depressed until the stop LED flashes. If the stop LED does not flash after holding the "1" and "4" down for five seconds, one of the following may have happened: the user code was not entered correctly or "1" and "4" was not depressed at the same time, or too much time elapsed after entering in the user code before pressing the "1" and "4". Turn the system off by entering in the code and press stop, after the LED is not lit by the stop button. Start at the beginning of this section again.

After the flashing of the stop LED is obtained, enter in the new four digit number followed by the start button, and then re-enter the four digit number followed by the start button.

"X-X-X-X" → "Start" → "X-X-X-X" → "Start"

After pressing the start button the second time, the system will go into accessory mode. If it does not enter accessory mode, type the current user code in and press the stop button, then proceed to the beginning of this section.

Navigation Lights

The switch labeled "Nav./Anchor" on the bow and console keypads controls the operation of the navigation lights. On the first key press, the bow navigation and stern anchor lights will turn on. On the second press, the bow lights will turn off and the anchor light will remain on. On the third key press, the anchor light will turn off.

Aerator System

Pressing the livewell key will activate two aerator pumps; pressing this button again will turn off the aeration pumps. Pressing the livewell timer button will automatically turn on the aeration pumps and the timer in the "L" setting. The timer can be adjusted in three increments - "L, M, and H". The "L" setting is one minute on then two minutes off. "M" is five minutes on and one minute off. "H" is 15 minutes on and two minutes off.

Fuel Level

The switch labeled with an image of a fuel pump on the console keypad controls which tank's fuel will be displayed by the fuel gauge. When the switch is pressed it will toggle between tank 1 and tank 2. Tank 1 will be on the starboard side and 2 will be on the port side. On models with only 1 fuel tank, the number 2 position will cause the gauge to read empty.

Bilge System

The switch labeled with an image of the water leaving the sump of the boat controls the bilge pumps in the boat. Pressing the button once to turn on the manual bilge pump, press a second time to turn on the manual and auto bilge pump. Pressing the button a third time will turn both pumps off.

Interior Lights

Pressing the button with the light bulb activates the interior lights on the boat. Pressing this key one time will activate the lights; pressing the key a second time will turn off the lights. If the lights are left on, they will automatically turn off after five minutes.

Interior Lights

Pressing the button with the light bulb activates the interior lights on the boat. Pressing this key one time will activate the lights; pressing the key a second time will turn off the lights. If the lights are left on, they will automatically turn off after five minutes.

Dimming the Instrument Lights and Keypad Lights

If the boat is equipped with the standard gauges it is possible to dim the gauge lights and key pad lights for night driving. If the boat is not equipped with standard gauges the touch pad lights can be dimed. To do so press and hold in on the light dimming button and the gauge lights along with the touch pad lights will dim down. The gauge lights will dim down to an off state. The touch pad lights will dim down 90%. Once the level of brightness is obtain release the dimming button. The switching system will leave the lights at this brightness until the dimming switch is turned off. The indicator light around the dimming button will lite showing that dimming is active. If you choose to make the lights bright again press and hold in on the dimming button until the brightness desired is obtained.

Accessories

There are five accessory functions labeled "ACC, A1, A2, and A3". The accessories buttons will drive any device up to 5 amps. Pressing the button once will turn the accessory on pressing a second time will turn the accessory off.

Horn

The button with the image of a trumpet is the horn button. Pressing and holding this button will sound the horn; releasing this button will turn the horn off.

Trim

On the bow keypad, the switch with the up arrow controls the trim-up and the switch with the down arrow controls the trim down. Pressing and holding the button will allow the trim to function. Releasing the button will

cause the trim to stop.

Back Lighting

The back lighting will illuminate the keypad. After waking up the system, it will turn on for 60 seconds or while in the wake mode, it will turn on after any key is pressed for 60 seconds.

Resetting a Breaker

If a circuit causes the breaker to throw, it is indicated by a flashing LED. The LED corresponding to the thrown breaker will flash by its switch along with the stop LED. If the stop LED is the only LED flashing, one of the un-switched outputs (trim, 12V, radio, auto bilge float switch, electronics, or key on engine hot) has thrown a breaker. To reset the breaker, press the switch in, leaving it held in for five seconds. If the light remains flashing, there is a direct short present. If the light stops flashing, the breaker has been reset.

SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE TIPS

- Check battery connections periodically to make sure they are corrosion free and TIGHT.
- Be sure battery switch is in OFF position when storing boat.
- Be sure battery switch is in OFF position when charging batteries.
- Alteration of any part of the wiring system should be avoided! Such alterations could cause damage and/or electrical short.
- Inspect wiring connections and terminals periodically for damage, corrosion, etc. and replace as needed. Replacement should always be of equal or greater rating and quality. We recommend Ranger replacement parts available through your Ranger dealer.
- Always disconnect the positive and negative leads from the battery terminals before installing, removing, servicing, or troubleshooting any part of the electrical system.

WARNING Batteries produce hydrogen and oxygen gases when charging. These explosive gases escape through the vent/fill caps and may form an explosive atmosphere around the battery if the ventilation is poor. This

gas may remain around the battery for several hours after charging is completed. Sparks or open flames can ignite the gas and cause an explosion.

WARNING Sulfuric acid in batteries can cause severe burns. Avoid contact with skin, eves or clothing. Wear goodles, rubbes closed on the second sec apron when working with batteries.

FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS FOR RECREATIONAL BOATS

Boat operators are required to file a boating accident report when their boat is involved in certain boating accidents as follows:

Damage to property that exceeds \$500. Federal law requires the operator – or owner, if the operator is deceased or unable to make the report - to file a boating accident report with the State reporting authority when, as a result of an occurrence that involves a boat or its equipment:

- A person dies
- A person disappears from the vessel under circumstances that indicate death or injury
- A person is injured and requires medical treatment beyond first aid
- Damage to vessels and other property totals \$2,000 (lower amounts in some states and territories) or more
- Go to www.uscgboating.org to download the online accident forms.

Boating Safety Checklist

MUST HAVE ITEMS As Required By Regulation	RECOMMENDED ITEMS Items in Red May be Required in Some States
Personal Flotation Devices (Life Jackets)	Boats on Inland Waters
Type I, II, III, or V for each person onboard (wearable)	Everything on Required List PLUS:
One Type IV (Throwable)*	First Aid Kit Bailing Device
*Not Required on Non-Powered boats under 16'	Anchor with Sufficient Line
	Boating Safety Education/Certificate Alternate Propulsion
Fire Extinguishers	Watersports Flag (Paddles, Oars)
Choose Boats without Boats with One Fixed System Fixed System	(Skier Down/Diver Down Flag)
Boats <26' 1 Size Bl -OR- Fixed System	Boats on Nearshore Waters
Boats 26 -<40' 2 Size BI* -OR- Fixed System + 1 Size BI	Everything Above PLUS:
Boats 40 - 65' 3 Size BI* -OR- Fixed System + 2 Size BI*	Extra Food & Water GPS/Chartplotter Float Plan
*One Size Bll may be substituted for Two Size Bl Extinguishers	Depth Finder Compass Charts
	UVHF Radio Spare Tool Kit
Visual Distress Signals (VDS)	
Choose One	Boats on Offshore Waters
Combination Day/Night VDS (Flares or Flare Gun)	Everything Above PLUS:
Daytime VDS (Flags, Smoke Signal)	
AND Nighttime VDS (Automated SOS Light)	Life Raft □ Man-Overboard Recovery Gear □ Life Raft □ AIS
	Searchlight Sea Drogue
Sound Signals	List of CPR Instruction Safety Knife
Horn or Whistle	Radar Weather Information System
Bell (Not required for vessels under 12m)	Radar Weather Information System Radar Reflector Shore Landing Craft (Tender)
	Radio Direction Finder Long Range Communications Gear
Ventilation (Boats with Gasoline Systems)	
	Boats on River Waters
Natural Ventilation	Everything on Required List Plus:
Powered Ventilation	Throw Bag Helmet
Deal-fine Flower Constral	
Backfire Flame Control	Miscellaneous Items
Backfire Flame Arrestor (Gasoline Engines except outboards)	Other Items That May be Recommended:
	Heaving Line Strobe Light
 The above represents minimum USCG Safety Requirements on-board vessels. 	Spare Keys Carbon Monoxide Detector
 Other Requirements may be necessary to comply with state laws. 	Boat Hook/Pole Extra Clothing
This is not intended to be an all-inclusive list but rather a baseline of	Spare Propeller Marine Hardware
items to make your boating adventure safe and fun.	Extra Engine Oil Masks & Fins (For Clearing Props)
• For Vessels over 65' refer to 33CFR 25.30-20 or ABYC A-4.	Handheld Lead-line Storm Sails
A	
YOUR BOATING & ARVC	
Product Area a passion dia fipor Fish Barrana and Boating Safety, Built In	

Winduced londer a grant from the Sport East Restoration and Beating Trust Pand, administered by the U.S. Coast General

EQUIPMENT	CLASS A (Under 16' in Length)	CLASS I (16', but under 26')				
Whistle or Horn	Must have means of making an efficient	sound signal.				
Visual Distress	None Required During Daytime	All recreational boats, when used on coastal waters, which includes the Great Lakes, the Territorial Seas, and those Waters directly connected to the Great Lakes and the Territorial Seas, up to a point where the waters are less than two miles wide, must be equipped with visual distress signals.				
Inland and International Rules Navigational Lights	Proper light displays are required to be shown from sunset to sunrise.					
Fire Extinguishers	One B-1 U.S.C.G. or U.L. approved fire extinguisher unless the construction is such that explosive flammable vapors cannot be trapped, there are no closed compartments, no permanently installed fuel tanks on board.					
PFDS	Type I, II, III, or V for each person aboard.Type I, II, III, or V for each person aboard and one Type IV.					
Numbering	All undocumented vessels equipped with propulsion machinery must be numbered in the state of principal use.					
Certificate of Number	A valid certificate of number showing the numbers issued to a vessel must be on board whenever the vessel is in use.					
Display of Number	Number must be painted or permanently attached to each of the forward halves of the vessel, and no other number may be displayed thereon.					



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NOTE: The above information is not conclusive. The owner/operator should check all current Federal, State, and Local Regulations to ensure compliance.

GENERAL INFORMATION AND MAINTENANCE

- Check all lights before each use of the trailer.
- Check the tires for wear, cuts or other damage before each use and replace as needed. Check tire pressure often. See tire sidewall for maximum pressure and maximum load.
- Check lug nuts for tightness before use. Torque lug nuts to 95-100 ft. lbs.
- Periodically check the winch strap and winch parts for any wear and replace worn parts.
- Remember... a small expense for preventive maintenance is much less expensive now than a road-side breakdown later!

Steps for Determining Correct Load Limit

CAUTION Trailer tires should be properly inflated and maintained! The load-carrying capacity of your trailer is based on the tire pressure. Inadequate tire pressures can void your tire and trailer warranty and could also lead to

an accident damaging to people or equipment!



Lug nuts should be properly tightened before each use. Failure to do so could result in loss of a wheel and could lead to an accident causing injury or death.

CONTAINED OIL ORBITAL LUBRICATION (COOL) HUBS

Ranger Trail COOL hubs have a 3 year "No Touch" warranty. There is no required maintenance for three years from the original date of purchase. If for some unforeseen reason the hub develops an actual leak, it will be replaced under our limited warranty. It is normal for Hybrid Oil filled hubs to weep out small amounts of lubricant at the rear seal. When this happens, the oil will collect dirt and fall off onto the wheels as black spots. This is not a leak. Soap and water will remove this and clean your wheels. A Hybrid Oil leak will leave a film on the wheel that you will be able to see.

REPORTING SAFETY DEFECTS

If you believe that your vehicle has a defect which could cause a crash or could cause injury or death, you should immediately inform the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) in addition to notifying Ranger Boats.

If NHTSA receives similar complaints, it may open an investigation, and if it finds that a safety defect exists in a group of vehicles, it may order a recall and remedy campaign. However, NHTSA cannot become involved in individual problems between you, your dealer, or Ranger Boats.

To contact NHTSA, you may call the Vehicle Safety Hotline toll-free at 1-888-327-4236 (TTY: 1-800-424-9153); go to http://nhtsa.safercar.gov; or write to: Administrator, NHTSA, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590. You can also obtain other information about motor vehicle safety from http://www.safercar.gov.

TRAILER BRAKES

If your trailer is equipped with brakes, follow the safety and maintenance tips listed below for best service.

- Always hook up the brake breakaway cable securely to the tow vehicle (should the trailer come loose, cable will activate the brakes to help slow runaway trailer). Before towing, make sure that the emergency breakaway cable has not been inadvertently set. Reset to normal position by pushing the lever up. This will release the E-stop cable (see Fig. 6 on how to reset if indicator bead is exposed). Always insert hitch pin after latching coupler to trailer ball.
- Disc brake trailers are equipped with an electric solenoid valve to prevent the disc brakes from being activated while reversing your trailer. Disc brakes will operate at full capacity in either direction. It is therefore essential that the wire from the solenoid valve be connected to the reverse light wire of the tow vehicle. When the tow vehicle is put in reverse gear, the solenoid will deactivate the brakes and allow you to back up.

To check proper operation of solenoid valve, place tow vehicle gear shift in reverse (with engine shut off and ignition on). Backup lights should turn on and an audible "click" should be heard at the valve. If lights come on and no "click" is heard, check for an electrical wiring or connection problem. The reverse solenoid is located on the rear of the master cylinder.

- Check cap of master cylinder often for tightness.
- Follow routine maintenance and inspection for disc brakes as outlined in your Disc Brake Manual.

A CAUTION Make s is in ar

Make sure back up lights **do not** come on when tow vehicle transmission is in any gear other than reverse.

To minimize corrosion, it is necessary for the disc brake calipers and rotors to be rinsed off with fresh water after trailer has been immersed in salt water.

CAUTION Saltwater model trailers, although designed for the saltwater environment, require specific cleaning and wash-down after each use. Failure to do so will cause excessive corrosion that could lead to trailer

damage and part failure, which would not be covered under the limited warranty. Please see your Ranger dealer for proper trailer cleaning procedures.

INSPECTION

To assure continued proper operation of our trailer disc brakes, annual inspection is recommended.

FIG. 6

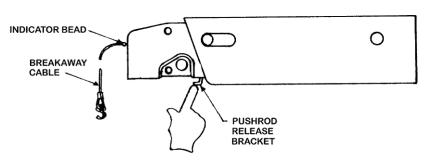
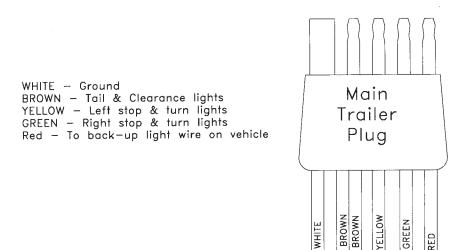


FIG. 7 **RANGERTRAIL WIRING**



PADS

Pads must be replaced when 1/16 inch (0.060") of pad friction material is left.

If not familiar with disc brake pad replacement, have work performed by CAUTION a qualified individual or service shop.

WHITE

RED

ROTORS

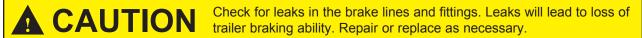
Rotors should be resurfaced by a qualified brake specialist if extreme galling or wear marks are present.

Rotors must be replaced if distance between brake surfaces becomes CAUTION less than 0.670 inches (17.0 mm) due to wear or machining.

RUST

Check for extreme rust on mounting bolts, flanges and welds, which may weaken the structural integrity of the system. Repair or replace as necessary.

LEAKS



REPLACEMENT PARTS

For questions and parts ordering, please contact: UFP, 135 Sunshine Lane, San Marcos, CA 92069, 800-854-1905. For warranty, please contact: UFP, 1041 Baxter Lane, Winchester, TN 37398, 800-835-9211 extension 16.



WARNING The braking mechanism on this trailer is designed as an aid in slowing and stopping the trailer. The braking system as the trailer are the braking system as the trailer are the braking system. primary slowing and stopping system. You will not be able to stop the

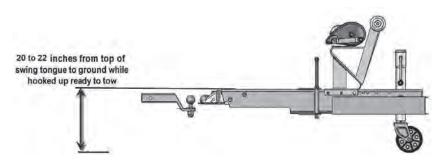
tow vehicle and the towed trailer as quickly as you could stop the tow vehicle alone.

NEVER TOW YOUR TRAILER WITHOUT THE LOCK PIN INSTALLED!

BEFORE TOWING YOUR RANGERTRAIL® TRAILER ...

Make sure that your tow vehicle is equipped with a 2-inch ball of machined or forged steel! Never use a ball smaller than 1.97 inch diameter or larger than 2.0 inch diameter. Naturally, your tow vehicle should be equipped with a properly rated and substantial towing hitch, well braced and firmly connected to your vehicle. Make sure that your vehicle is properly wired for the trailer light connection.

The height of the towing ball above the ground will greatly influence the tongue weight and the towing characteristics of the trailer. With the trailer attached to the tow vehicle, the base of the ball should be 16" to 18" from the ground loaded.



TOWING YOUR RANGER TRAIL® TRAILER ...

Back your tow vehicle into position so that the ball is directly under the trailer hitch ball socket. Stop your vehicle's engine and set parking brake. Make sure that the release handle on the trailer hitch is raised and pulled to the rear. This will show that the ball socket is open and ready to receive the tow ball. Then, by turning the tongue jack handle, lower the hitch until it seats fully on the tow ball. Be sure that the tongue jack wheel is slightly clear of the ground. Close the ball socket latch by pushing downward into the recess. The release handle should close smoothly if the ball has been seated correctly into the socket. If the release handle does not close, DO NOT TOW THE TRAILER. Insert safety pin through hole. To make sure that the connection is secure, lower the tongue jack until the ram has lifted the trailer hitch and trailer tongue connection 3 or 4 inches. If the ball does not disengage, you may be reasonably sure that the attachment is secure.

NOTICE Aluminum wheels require careful a warranted against surface corrosion. Aluminum wheels require careful wash down maintenance and are not

Next, fully retract the jack into the full up position and latch. Connect the safety chains to the connection points on your tow vehicle hitch.

If your trailer is equipped with brakes, hook up the emergency breakaway cable and inspect to see that the breakaway cable button stop is not showing. Please refer to your brake owners manual. For questions and parts ordering, please contact: UFP, 135 Sunshine Lane, San Marcos, CA 92069, 800-854-1905; for warranty, please contact: UFP, 1041 Baxter Lane, Winchester, TN 37398, 800-835-9211 extension 16.

On swing hitch trailers, make sure the hitch is in the forward position and the locking pin is properly installed. Connect your trailer wire harness and test your vehicle lights to make sure that the trailer's brake and turn signals duplicate your vehicle's. Remove any trailer wheel chock and carefully pull away.

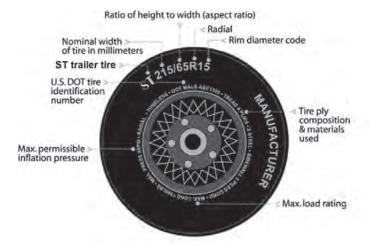
To unhitch your trailer from the tow vehicle, place the trailer on a level and paved surface and chock both trailer wheels to prevent any movement forward or backward. Unhook the safety chains, wiring harness and, if so equipped, the brake break-away cable. Then, using the trailer tongue jack, raise the hitch up and clear the ball. In this position the trailer tongue should be left somewhat bow high so that any water will run out through the drain hole in the stern of the boat.

All Ranger Trail trailers that have a GVWR of more than 5000 lbs. must use a Class IV hitch and 6000 lb. 2-inch trailer ball.

A CAUTION Retract jack fully before towing! Replace coupler and ball if worn... do not attempt repair or adjustment.

HITCH CLASS RATING	MID-SIZE CARS	FULL-SIZE CARS MINI-TRUCKS & VANS	FULL-SIZE TRUCKS VANS & SUV'S
Class II WC GTW - Up to 3,500 lbs WC TW - up to 350 lbs.	Medium Duty	Medium Duty	Medium Duty
Class III WC GTW - Up to 5,000 lbs WC TW - up to 500 lbs.		Heavy Duty	Heavy Duty
Class IV WC GTW - Up to 7,500 lbs. WC TW - up to 750 lbs WD GTW - Up to 12,000 lbs. WD TW - Up to 1,200 lbs.		Heavy Duty	Heavy Duty

INFORMATION CONTAINED ON THE SIDEWALL OF THE TIRE



Both U.S. and Canada Federal regulations require tire manufacturers to place standardized information on the sidewall of all tires. This information identifies and describes the characteristics of the tire.

Maximum Permissible Inflation Pressure: Indicates the tire manufacturer's maximum permissible pressure and/or the pressure at which the maximum load can be carried by the tire. Refer to the Certification Label on the port forward half of the trailer for the correct tire pressure for your trailer.

U.S. DOT Tire Identification Number (TIN)

This begins with the letters 'DOT' and indicates the tire meets all federal standards. The next two numbers or letters are the plant code designating where it was manufactured, the next two are the tire size code, and the last four numbers represent the week and year the tire was built. For example, the numbers 5110 mean the tire was built the 51st week of 2010. The numbers are identification codes used for traceability. This information is used to contact customers if a tire defect requires a recall.

ST: Indicates the tire is a special tire for trailers in highway service.

215: Indicates the nominal width of the tire in millimeters from sidewall edge to sidewall edge. In general, the larger the number, the wider the tire will be.

65: Indicates the aspect ratio which gives the tire's ratio of height to width.

R: Indicates a "radial" type tire.

15: Indicates the wheel or rim diameter in inches.

Tire Ply Composition and Materials Used: Indicates the number of plies or the number of rubber-coated fabric in the tire tread and sidewall. Tire manufacturers also must indicate the ply materials in the tire and the sidewall, which include steel nylon, polyester, and others.

Maximum Load Rating: Indicates the maximum load in kilograms and pounds that can be carried by the tire. Refer to the Certification Label on the port forward half of the trailer for the correct tire pressure for your trailer.

NOTICE: Manufacturer's Tire Registry; be sure to fill out the tire registration form provided with your owner's packet. Mail it to the tire manufacturer for the purpose of Federal defect notification regulations.

In case of a recall, we can reach you only if we have your name and address. You MUST send in this card to be on recall list. <u>Do it today.</u>		SHADED AREAS MUST BE FILLED IN BY SELLER												
CUSTOMER'S NAME (PLEASE PRINT)	QTY				1	TIRE I	DENTI	FICAT	TION	NUME	BER			
	QIY	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
CUSTOMER'S ADDRESS										1				
CITY STATE ZIP CODE						 				 				
NAME OF DEALER WHICH SOLD TIRE									<u> </u>	1				
DEALER'S ADDRESS														
CITY STATE ZIP CODE				<u> </u>										
DEALER NON-SIG #				<u> </u>						1				

SAMPLE TIRE REGISTRATION

INFLATING YOUR TIRES

Safe operation of your trailer requires that your tires are properly inflated. Remember that a tire can lose up to half of its air pressure without appearing flat. Before each trip, check your tires with a tire gauge, including the spare (if equipped). Inflate all tires to the inflation pressure recommended on the Certification Label located on the port side of the forward half of the trailer. Failure to follow the tire pressure recommendations can cause uneven treadwear patterns and adversely affect the way your trailer handles.

Certification Label and Tire label

MANUFACTURED BY / FABRIQUE PAR: GVWR / PNBV KG (GAWR (EACH AXLE) / PNBE (CHAQUE ESSIEU)	LB) KG (LB) TI	DATE				Contraction in the second	LOADING INFOF ad should never exceed kgs. or lbs.	and the second second second
RIMS / JANTE	LOAD CAPACITY	KG(LE			TIRE	SIZE	COLD TIRE PRESSURE	- SEE OWNER'S
COLD INFL. PRESS. / PRESS. DE GONFL. A FROID THIS VENICLE CONFORMS TO ALL APPLICABLE U.S. FEDERAL N	KPA (Intervention of safety standards in Feely on t	PST/LI THE DATE OF NUMBER CITIES SHOW	al and an and a second	THOME	FRONT			MANUAL FOR
THIS VEHICLE CONFORMS TO ALL APPLICABLE STANDARDS PR	ESCRIBED UNDER THE CAMADIAN MOTOR VEHICLE:	SAFETY REGULATIONS IN EFFECT	IN THE DATE OF MANU		REAR			ADDITIONAL
CONFERME A TOUTES LES NORMES QUI LUI SONT APPLICABLE V.I.N. / N.I.V.:	S EN VERTU DU MEBLEMENT SUM LA SELAMITE DES TYPE / TYPE: TRAILER TR		INNUM EN VIOUEUR A L	IN DATE OF ON PACIFICATION.	SPARE			INFORMATION

When weather temperature changes occur, tire inflation pressures also change. A 10° F (6° C) temperature drop can cause a corresponding drop of 1 psi (7 kPa) in inflation pressure.

Under-inflation is the most common cause of tire failures and may result in severe tire cracking, tread separation or "blowout", with unexpected loss of vehicle control and increased risk of injury. Under-inflation increases sidewall flexing and rolling resistance, resulting in heat buildup and internal damage to the tire. It also may result in unnecessary tire stress, irregular wear, loss of vehicle control and accidents. A tire can lose up to half its air pressure and not appear flat!

To check the pressure in your tire(s):

- 1: Check your tire(s) when they are "cold". The term cold does not relate to the outside temperature. Rather, a cold tire is one that has not been driven for at least three hours. When you drive, your tires get warmer, causing the air pressure to increase. Therefore, to get an accurate tire pressure reading, you must measure the tire pressure when the tires are *cold* or compensate for the extra pressure in warm tires.
- 2: Remove the cap from the valve on one tire, then firmly press the tire gauge onto the valve and measure the pressure with the tire gauge.
- 3: Add (or remove) enough air to reach the recommended air pressure indicated on your Certification Label.
- 4: Replace the valve cap.
- 5: Repeat this procedure for each tire, including the spare.

TIRE CARE

Periodically inspect the tire treads for uneven or excessive wear and remove objects such as stones, nails, or glass that may be wedged in the tire grooves. Check for holes or cuts that may permit air leakage from the tire and make necessary repairs. Also inspect the tire sidewalls for cracking, cuts, bulges, and other signs of damage or excessive wear. If internal damage to the tire is suspected, have the tire demounted and inspected in case it needs to be repaired or replaced. For your safety, tires that are damaged or show signs of excessive wear should not be used because they are more likely to blow out or fail.

Improper or inadequate trailer maintenance can cause tires to wear abnormally. Inspect your tires, including the spare frequently, and replace them if one or more show signs of damage or excessive wear.

AGE

Tires degrade over time, even when they are not being used. It is recommended the tires generally be replaced after 6 years of normal service. Heat caused by hot climates or frequent high loading conditions can accelerate the aging process. You should replace the spare tire when you replace the other tires due to the aging of the spare tire.

LOAD CARRYING CAPACITY

The certification label shows the maximum load-carrying capacity and is located on the port forward side of the trailer.

GVWR is the Gross Vehicle Weight Rating. It is the total combined weight of the trailer and its maximum load-carrying capacity. DO NOT exceed the GVWR rating for the trailer.

Total Load is the maximum load-carrying capacity of the trailer minus the weight of the trailer.

Locate the statement "Total load should never exceed XXX kg or XXX lbs." on your trailer's tire label located on the port forward side of your trailer.

This figure equals the available amount of the boat with all equipment, gear, fuel, water, and luggage load capacity.

Determine the combined weight of the boat with all equipment, gear, fuel, water, and luggage being loaded on the trailer. That weight may not safely exceed the tire label's total load.

Sample Tire Label

Improper weight distribution can place excessive strain on the towing vehicle and trailer. It can also cause the trailer to "fishtail" (sway side to side). Be sure gear and luggage are distributed evenly in the boat.

	TIRE AND LOADING INFORMATION Total load should never exceed 1719 kgs. or 3790 lbs.						
TIRE	SIZE	COLD TIRE PRESSURE	- SEE OWNER'S				
FRONT	ST215/75R14C	50 PSI	MANUAL FOR				
REAR	ST215/75R14C	50 PSI	ADDITIONAL				
SPARE	ST215/75R14C	50 PSI	INFORMATION				

GLOSSARY OF TIRE TERMINOLOGY:

Tire label: A label showing the tire sizes, recommended inflation pressure, and the maximum weight the trailer can carry.

Tire Identification Number (TIN): A number on the sidewall of each tire providing information about the tire brand, manufacturing plant, tire size, and date of manufacture. It is also referred as the DOT code.

Inflation pressure: A measure of the amount of air in a tire.

kPa: Kilopascal, a metric unit of air pressure.

PSI: Pounds per square inch, a standard unit of air pressure.

Cold tire pressure: The tire pressure when the trailer has been stationary and out of direct sunlight for an hour or more and prior to the trailer being pulled 1 mile (1.6 km)

Recommended inflation pressure: The cold inflation pressure found on the certification label or tire label located on the port forward side of the trailer.

Bead area of the tire: Area of the tire next to the rim.

Sidewall of the tire: Area between the bead area and the tread.

Tread area of the tire: Area of the perimeter of the tire that contacts the road when mounted on the trailer.

Rim: The metal support (wheel) for a tire upon which the tire beads are seated.

RANGERTRAIL® PARTS LIST

	1	
#	DESCRIPTION	
1.	Brake Actuator	
2.	Swing Tongue	
3.	Front Step	
4.	Ranger Trail® decal	
5.	Winch Stand	
6.	Bow Roller (3 pcs)	
7.	Winch	
8.	Parking Brake	
9.	Center Swing Jack	
10.	Swing Jack Mounting Plates	
11.	Wheel and Tire	
12.	Fiberglass Fender	
13.	Side Marker Light (Amber)	
14.	Trailing Arm and Hub	
15.	Rear Side Marker Light (Red)	
16.	Stop Turn Light	
17.	Backup Light	RANGERTRAIL® PARTS
18.	Ratchet Tie Down Strap	
19.	Keel Roller	
20.	Center Bunk Board	(7)
21.	Outside Bunk Board	(5) 6
22.	Fender Board	
23.	Complete Torsion Axle	
20.		
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		(14)
	(17)	

Warranty

NORTH AMERICAN

RANGER® BOATS 2016 LIMITED WARRANTY RANGER FIBERGLASS BOATS AND RANGER TRAIL® TRAILERS

Fishing Holdings, LLC dba Ranger Boats ("Ranger") warrants to you, the first North American retail purchaser of this 2016 model year Ranger fiberglass boat and/or trailer, or a second North American retail purchaser as noted below ("you"), that it will repair or replace, at its sole discretion, defects in materials or workmanship that occur and are reported to Ranger, or its factory authorized fiberglass dealer, within the applicable limited warranty periods, subject to the terms, conditions and exclusions set forth below. Your acceptance of delivery of the warranted Ranger fiberglass boat and/or trailer constitutes your acceptance of the terms of this limited warranty. This limited warranty gives you specific legal rights and you may have other rights which may vary from state to state.

This limited warranty is the sole and exclusive express warranty from Ranger regarding your 2016 Ranger fiberglass boat and/or trailer and there are no express warranties which extend beyond those outlined in this limited warranty. There are no implied warranties from Ranger, unless otherwise required under applicable law, and ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES (INCLUDING ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE) ARE EXCLUDED AND DISCLAIMED WHERE ALLOWED BY APPLICABLE LAW. ANY IMPLIED WARRANTIES (IF APPLICABLE) ARE LIMITED TO THE MINIMUM PERIOD OF TIME ALLOWED UNDER APPLICABLE LAW. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations may not apply to you.

Coverage Under This Limited Warranty:

Structural Hull Limited Warranty: For the first North American retail purchaser, the limited warranty period for Structural Hull Defects (defined below) runs for the duration of their period of ownership. For the second North American retail purchaser (if applicable), the limited warranty period for Structural Hull Defects runs for ten (10) years. The "Hull" shall mean the single fiberglass molded shell and integral structure within that shell, including stringers, floorboards, transom and related structural reinforcements, all of which are below the Hull flange (i.e. gunwale). A "Structural Hull Defect" shall mean a substantial defect in the fiberglass boat's Hull, which causes the fiberglass boat to be unfit or unsafe for general use as a pleasure craft under normal operating conditions.

Non-Structural Parts And Components Limited Warranty

The limited warranty period runs for three (3) years for the following non-structural parts and components:

Carpet fade	Seat pedestals
Steering helm, cylinder, hoses & cables	Fuel tanks
Aeration pumps, valves & timers	Deck hardware such as locks, cleats & fasteners
Bilge pump	Factory installed battery charger(s)
Fiberglass boat electrical system	Ranger Trail® trailer

The limited warranty period runs for one (1) year for the remaining non-structural parts and components.

Exterior Cosmetic Gel Coat Limited Warranty: The limited warranty period runs for one (1) year for cracking, crazing and fading of the fiberglass boat's exterior cosmetic gel coat.

The applicable limited warranty period, for both the First and Second (if applicable) North American retail purchasers runs from the date of delivery of the fiberglass boat and/or trailer to the first North American retail purchaser, provided that the fiberglass boat and/or trailer is delivered to that purchaser within twenty-four (24) months from the date of its manufacture. For a fiberglass boat and/or trailer delivered to that purchaser more than twenty-four (24) months after the date of its manufacture, not from the date of its manufacture, the limited warranty period runs from the date of its manufacture, not from the date the fiberglass boat and/or trailer date the fiberglass boat and/or trailer date the fiberglass boat and/or trailer date of its manufacture.

This limited warranty extends only to the first North American retail purchaser. However, it may be transferred to a second North American retail purchaser for a non-refundable recording fee of \$100 (made payable to your authorized fiberglass dealer), which must be paid within fifteen (15) days of the purchase, provided the second North American retail purchaser purchases the fiberglass boat and/ or trailer from the original purchaser or an authorized Ranger fiberglass dealer. Proof of the purchase date is required. The transfer must occur within five (5) years of the original retail sale to the First North American retail purchaser. This limited warranty may only be transferred once. Ranger reserves the right to reject a limited warranty transfer request for a Ranger fiberglass boat and/or trailer that has been damaged, neglected or otherwise previously excluded from limited warranty coverage.

THIS LIMITED WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER:

A fiberglass boat and/or trailer purchased from any party other than an authorized Ranger dealer or the first North American retail purchaser.

A fiberglass boat and/or a trailer, including its components, that has been altered or modified so as to adversely affect its operation, performance or durability, as determined by Ranger, or a fiberglass boat and/or trailer that has been salvaged, declared a total loss or a constructive total loss for any reason not covered in this limited warranty.

Any damage resulting from an accident or impact with another object or any damage caused by an act of nature.

Damage, breakage and leakage around windshields, hatches or other designed openings.

Gel coat finishes (except as noted above), including blistering, chalking, discoloration or stars; wood finishes (varnish, stains and paints); plastics; plated or painted metal; stainless steel finishes and anti-fouling bottom paint.

Damage (including due to rainwater leakage), deterioration, fraying, tearing, wearing or shrinkage of carpet, upholstery (including fabric and vinyl), exterior canvas tops, enclosures, weather covers or other soft goods.

A fiberglass boat that has been overpowered, according to the fiberglass boat's maximum recommended engine horsepower, or overloaded in excess of the maximum limits as stated on the U.S. Coast Guard Capacity Plate.

A fiberglass boat with an engine setback that is in excess of eight (8) inches, with the exceptions of four (4) inches on a Phantom or Banshee®, six (6) inches on a Z117, ten (10) inches on a Z521c or Z519c, and twelve (12) inches on a Z522, 2310 and 2410. A maximum setback of six (6) inches is allowed on any model rigged with a six (6) cylinder Mercury Verado engine.

Estimated characteristics such as weight, speed and fuel consumption or other estimated performance characteristics.

Any fiberglass boat and/or trailer that has been misused or used in a negligent manner; a fiberglass boat that has been used for racing, speed or endurance contests; used for rental; used without normal maintenance; operated contrary to any instruction furnished by Ranger, improperly lifted or trailered; improperly secured to a trailer or operated in violation of any federal, state, local, Coast Guard or other governmental agency laws, rules or regulations.

Dealer preparation, cleaning, final adjustments and alignments in preparing the fiberglass boat and/ or trailer for delivery.

Trailer tires, paint chipping, rust/corrosion, axle alignment and trailer components manufactured by companies other than Ranger.

Damage to trailers from use in salt or brackish water, except those trailers designed for salt/brackish water use.

Damage caused by improper trailering or mismatching of a Ranger fiberglass boat to a trailer; or failure to properly secure the fiberglass boat to a trailer.

Engines, powertrains, outdrives, controls, propellers, batteries and other equipment, accessories or components that are not manufactured by Ranger, whether or not they are warranted by other manufacturers. **Note:** it is the purchaser's responsibility to complete any limited warranty registration procedure that may be applicable to these components.

Any failure or defect arising from a previous repair made by a non-authorized service provider, unless preapproved by Ranger.

Structural welds in the T-top or hardtop tubular frames that have been modified or forced to bear excessive weight.

Any defect that results in the redesign of the Ranger fiberglass boat and/or trailer.

THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY AND ANY APPLICABLE IMPLIED WARRANTY IS THE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT, AT RANGER'S SOLE OPTION, OF WARRANTED PARTS AND COMPONENTS. RANGER EXCLUDES AND DISCLAIMS ANY LIABILITY FOR INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES INCLUDING LOSS OF TIME, INCONVENIENCE, INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS, INSURANCE PAYMENTS, MARINA FEES, RETAIL CHARGES, TRAVEL EXPENSES, LOSS OF USE, HAUL OUT, LAUNCH, TOWING AND/ OR STORAGE CHARGES, LOSS OF OR DAMAGE TO PERSONAL PROPERTY OR OTHER SIMILAR COSTS AND EXPENSES, OR ANY CLAIM NOT SPECIFICALLY COVERED BY THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation or exclusion may not apply to you. Any legal action alleging breach of any applicable warranty coverage must be brought within one (1) year from the date the alleged breach first occurred or the shortest period allowed under applicable law, whichever is earlier.

In order to activate limited warranty coverage on their fiberglass boat and/or a trailer, the first North American retail purchaser must warranty register the fiberglass boat and/or trailer through an authorized Ranger fiberglass dealer via Ranger's online dealer extranet, within fifteen (15) days of delivery of the fiberglass boat and/or trailer. All information received by Ranger via the limited warranty registration or transfer process shall be the property of Ranger, and submission of information, directly or indirectly, via the limited warranty registration process shall, to the extent permitted by applicable law, be deemed to constitute consent by the purchaser and fiberglass dealer to Ranger's use of such information at any time for all purposes allowed by law, including use of that information by third parties selected by Ranger. You may opt to not have your personal information disclosed to third parties and/ or to not receive marketing materials from Ranger by sending a written request to: Ranger Boats Warranty Department, PO Box 179, 927 Highway 178 North, Flippin, AR 72634. To obtain limited warranty service, you must return the fiberglass boat and/or trailer, including any alleged defective part, to an authorized Ranger fiberglass dealer. Ranger must receive written notice of all limited warranty claims prior to the expiration of this limited warranty and be allowed an opportunity to resolve them. The authorized Ranger fiberglass dealer will carry out the limited warranty procedures (e.g. repairs, claims submissions to Ranger etc.) on the purchaser's behalf. All limited warranty work must be performed at an authorized Ranger fiberglass dealer, at the Ranger factory or at another repair facility approved by Ranger. You are responsible for the expenses associated with transporting the fiberglass boat and/or trailer to and from the repair facility.

This document contains the entire limited warranty provided by Ranger. Any questions concerning the scope of this limited warranty should be directed to Ranger. The terms and conditions contained in this limited warranty may not be modified, altered or waived by any action, inaction or representation, whether oral or in writing, except upon the express, written authority of a senior management level employee of Ranger. Ranger does not authorize any person or persons (except a senior management level employee of Ranger), including Ranger fiberglass dealers, to change the terms of this limited warranty. (Note that your authorized Ranger fiberglass dealers is an independent business, authorized to sell and service Ranger products, but is not an agent of Ranger.) Ranger reserves the right to change or improve the design or manufacture of Ranger fiberglass boats and/or trailers without obligation to modify any fiberglass boat and/or trailer previously manufactured.

Ranger Boats 927 Highway 178 North Flippin, AR 72634 Telephone: 870-453-2222

RULES OF THE ROAD FOR OUTBOARDING



- Keep clear of sailing craft and rowboats. Yield right of way to slower boats.
- Always keep to the right.
- Do not use your motor near swimmers or skin divers.
- Learn the sign language of the various buoys and warning signals. These are your nautical traffic signs, posted for your safety and convenience.

KNOW THE SPORT DIVER FLAG...

...And be sure to obey the rules in the waters you travel regarding divers and maintaining a safe distance from them.







BUOYS... YOUR WATERWAY SIGNPOSTS

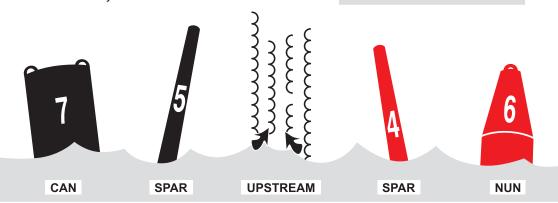
There are three basic types of buoys: NUN (cone shaped), SPAR (spar shaped) and CAN (cylindrical shaped).

Buoys marked with a contrasting band of color indicate that the channel splits. If the buoy is a can with a red band, then the preferred channel is to the starboard side of the buoy. If the buoy is a nun with a green band, then the preferred channel is to the port side of the buoy.

Going upstream, the RIGHT (Starboard) side of the channel is marked with even numbered RED buoys, nuns or spars: the LEFT (Port) side of the channel is marked with odd numbered GREEN buoys, cans or spars. RED and WHITE vertically striped buoys indicate the middle of a channel. Always pass close to these buoys. CHANNEL

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